



CRISPR Therapeutics

Creating transformative gene-based medicines for serious diseases

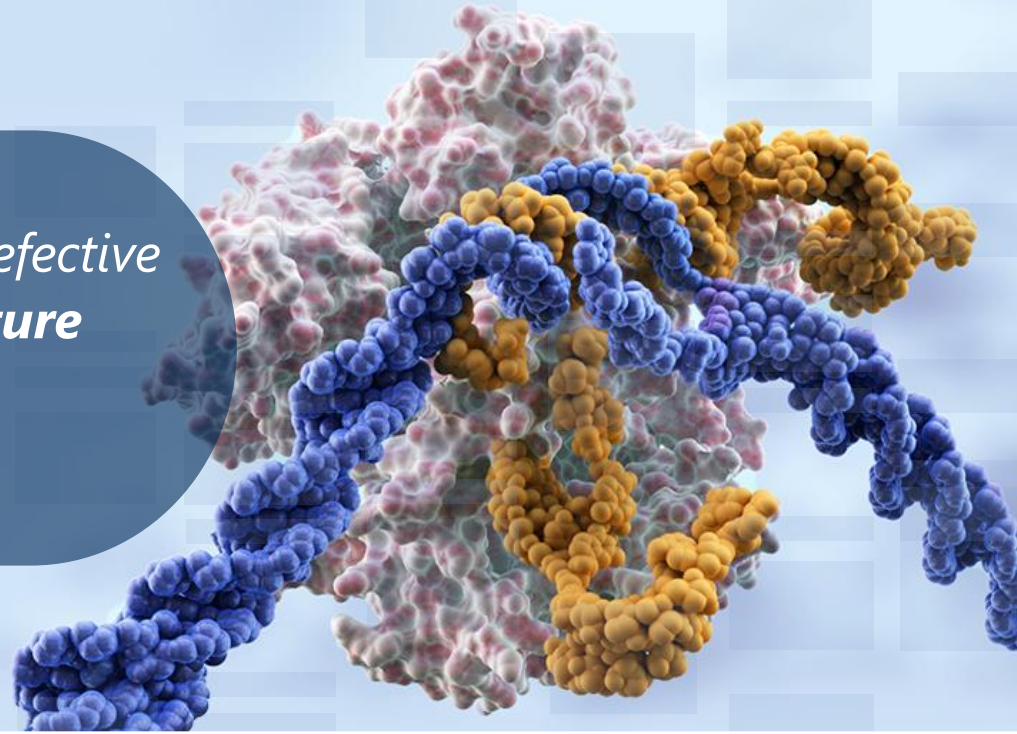
Corporate Overview
August 2018



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“A new technology for ‘editing’ defective genes has raised hopes for a **future generation of medicines**”
THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

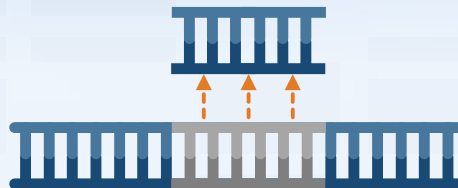


Specific, efficient, and versatile platform

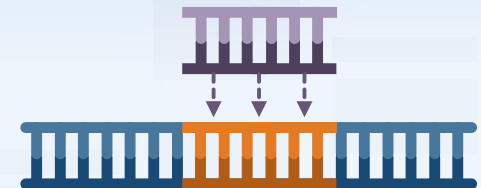
► DISRUPTION



► DELETION



► CORRECTION



CRISPR Therapeutics Highlights



LEADING GENE-EDITING COMPANY

Rapidly translating revolutionary CRISPR/Cas9 technology into transformative therapies



PIONEERING CRISPR IN THE CLINIC

Filed first company-sponsored CTA for a CRISPR-based therapeutic; CTX001 on track to initiate trials in 2018 in hemoglobinopathies



NEXT-GENERATION I/O PLATFORM

Advancing wholly owned, potentially best-in-class gene-edited allogeneic CAR-T products toward the clinic



ADVANCING *IN VIVO* APPLICATIONS

Pursuing select *in vivo* indications enabled by in-licensed technologies, platform improvement, and strategic partners



UNIQUE CASEBIA JOINT VENTURE

50% ownership of Casebia broadens our pipeline and supports our platform improvement efforts; funded by ~\$265M from Bayer



STRONG IP & FINANCIAL POSITION

Strong IP and robust financial position: \$341.8 million in cash as of 3/31/18

Program	Editing approach	Research	IND-enabling	Ph I/II	Partner	Structure
Ex vivo: Hematopoietic						
CTX001: β -thalassemia	Disruption			CTA Approved		Collaboration
CTX001: Sickle cell disease (SCD)	Disruption			CTA Approved		Collaboration
Hurler syndrome (MPS-1)	Correction					Wholly-owned
Severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID)	Correction					Joint venture
Ex vivo: Immuno-oncology						
CTX110: Anti-CD19 allogeneic CAR-T	Various			IND filing YE18		Wholly-owned
CTX120: Anti-BCMA allogeneic CAR-T	Various					Wholly-owned
CTX130: Anti-CD70 allogeneic CAR-T	Various					Wholly-owned
In vivo: Liver						
Glycogen storage disease Ia (GSD Ia)	Correction					Wholly-owned
Hemophilia	Correction					Joint venture
In vivo: Other organs						
Duchenne muscular dystrophy (DMD)	Disruption					Wholly-owned
Cystic fibrosis (CF)	Correction					License option



Hemoglobinopathies

Ex vivo lead candidate in genetically-defined disease



Immuno-oncology

Expand cell therapy platform with allo CAR-T pipeline

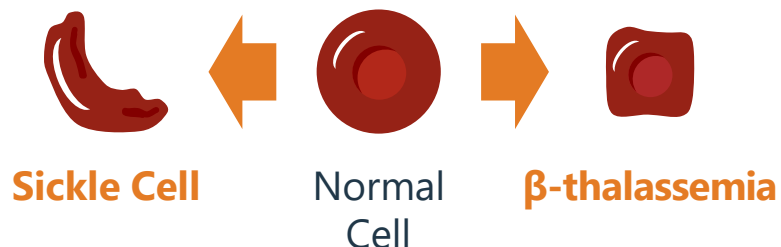


In vivo

Enable in vivo applications through platform advancements

SICKLE CELL DISEASE (SCD) AND β -THALASSEMIA

Blood disorders caused by *mutations* in the β -globin gene



Significant worldwide burden

300,000 Annual births
in SCD and β -
thalassemia,
respectively

60,000

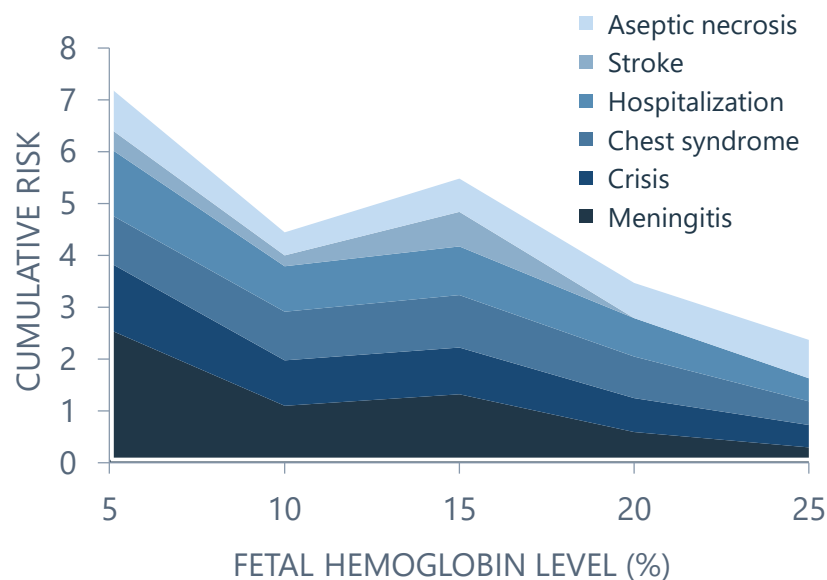
High morbidity and mortality



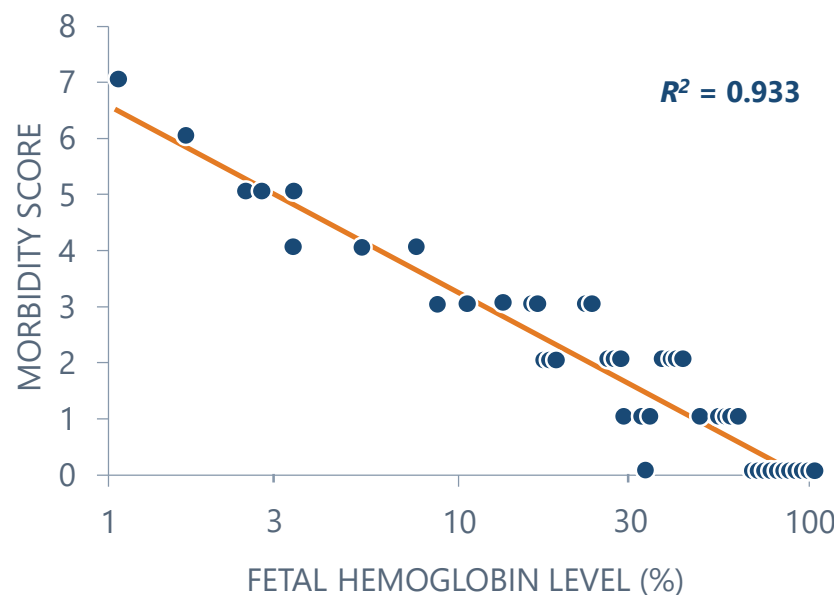
Heavy burden of patient care



REDUCED RISK OF EVENTS IN SICKLE CELL DISEASE¹



REDUCED SYMPTOMS IN β -THALASSEMIA²

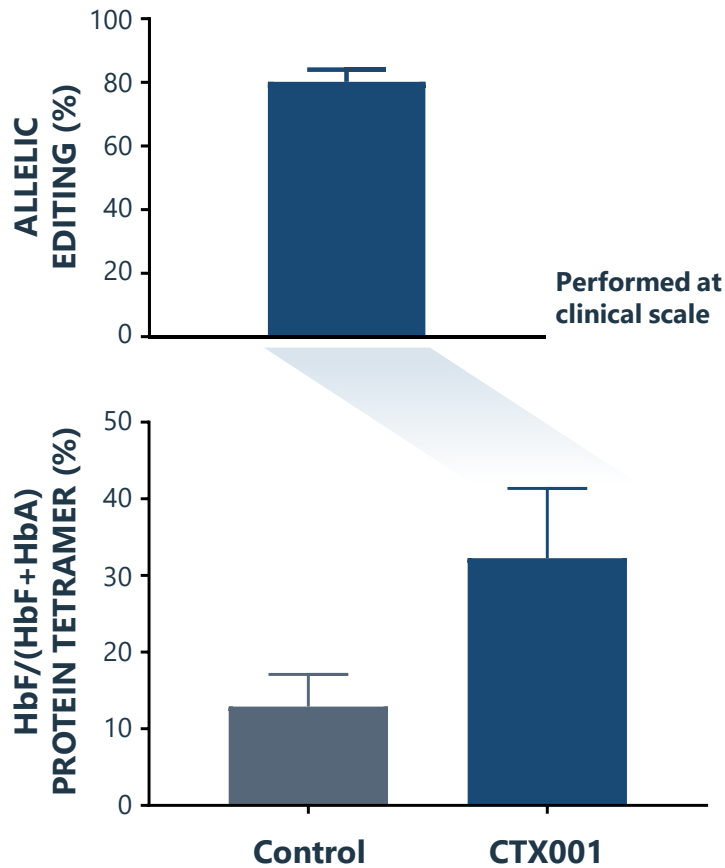


- › **Naturally occurring genetic variants** cause **hereditary persistence of fetal hemoglobin** (HPFH), and **lead to reduced symptoms** in patients with sickle cell disease and β -thalassemia
- › Our gene editing strategy aims to **recreate these variants** in symptomatic patients — an approach **supported by well-understood genetics**

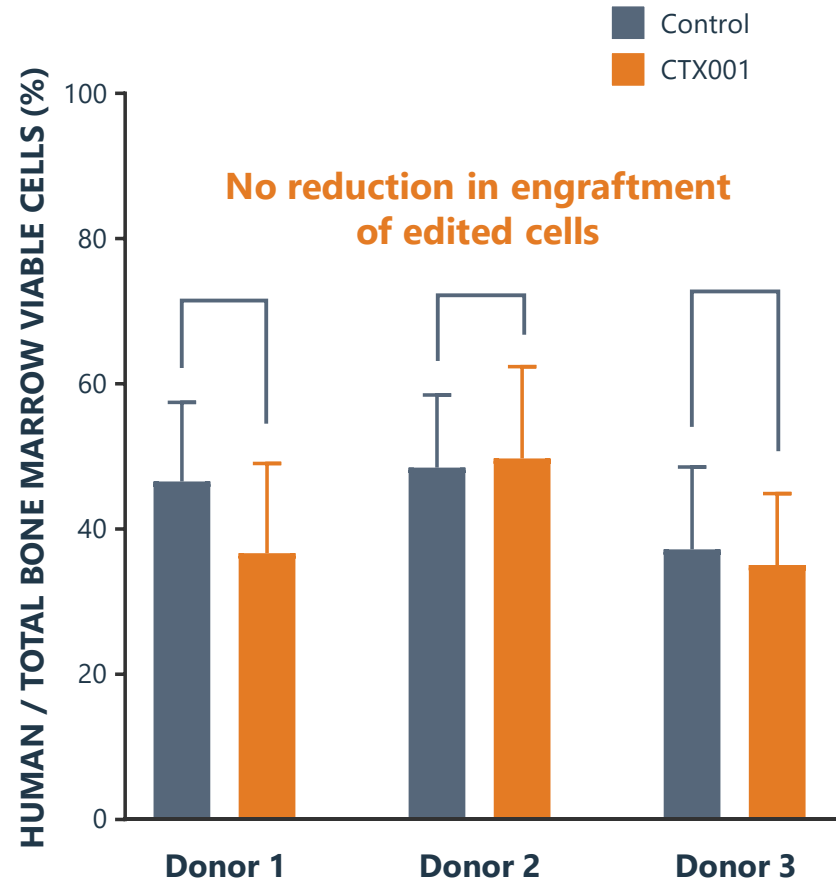
1. Powars, *et al.* Blood 1984; 2. Musallam, *et al.* Blood 2012

CTX001 Upregulates Fetal Hemoglobin and Engrafts in Mice

HIGH EDITING RATES LEAD TO ROBUST HbF INDUCTION¹



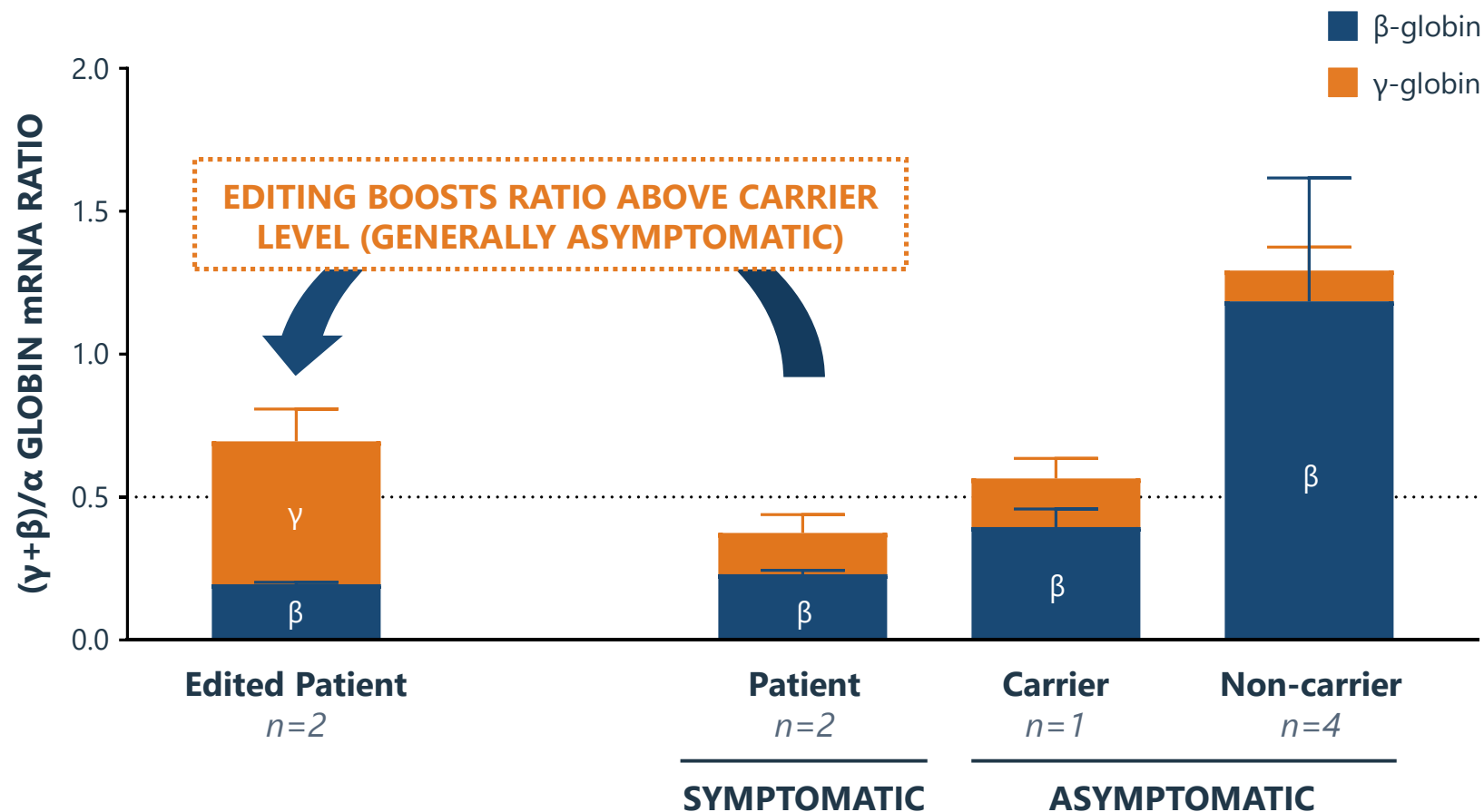
CTX001 ENGRAFTS *IN VIVO* IN MICE²



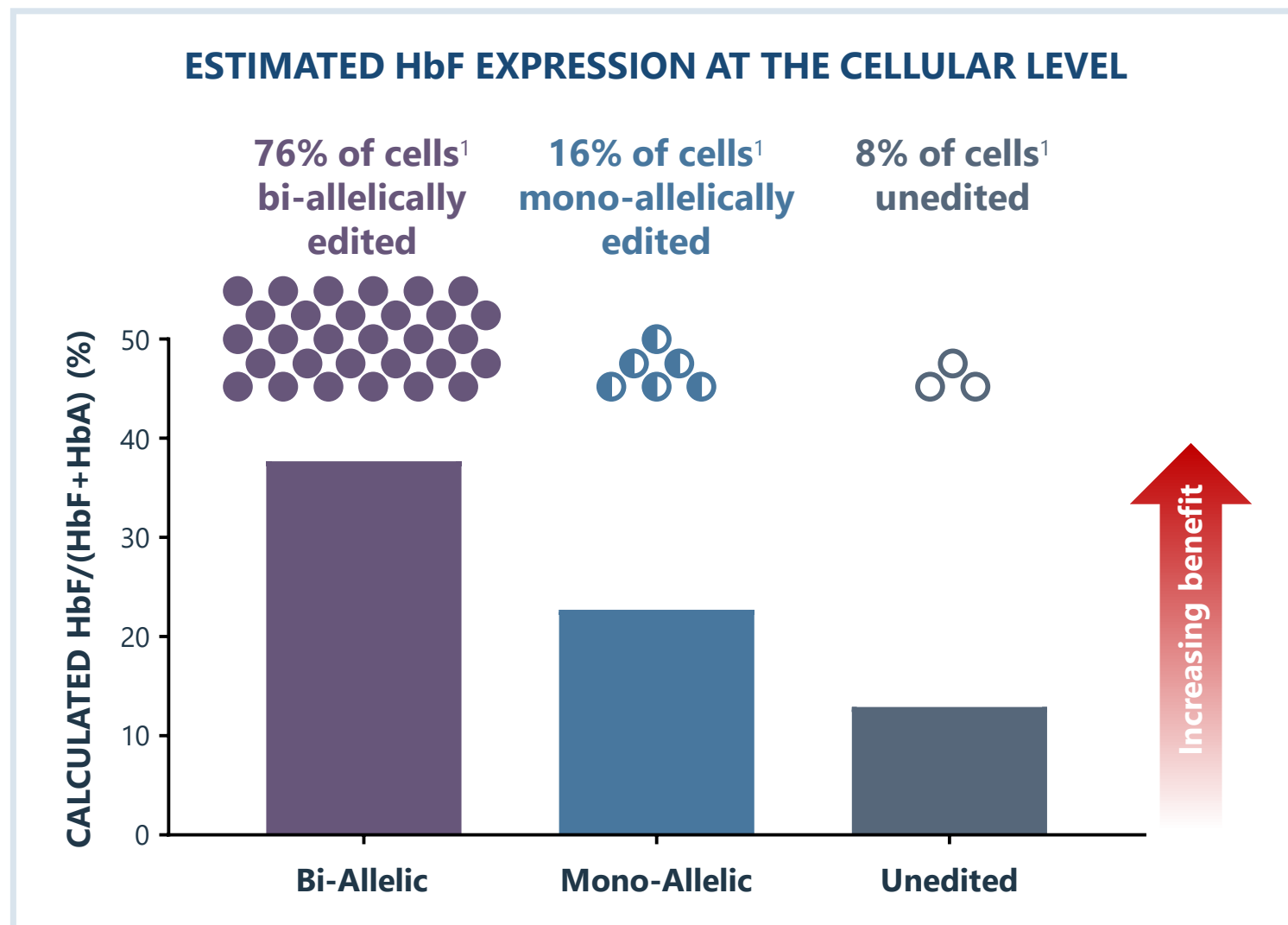
1. n=6 healthy donors; 2. 16-week engraftment data

β -thal: Editing Increases Globin Expression to Carrier Levels

GLOBIN mRNA RATIO AFTER GENE EDITING OF β -THAL PATIENT SAMPLES



SCD: Bi-Allelic Editing Leads to High HbF Protein Levels



1. n=163 single erythroid colonies derived from edited CD34⁺ cells from healthy donors

CTX001-111 and CTX001-121

Single-arm Phase 1/2 studies to assess the safety and efficacy of CTX001 in patients with β -thalassemia and SCD



Patients

Up to 45 adult patients each for transfusion-dependent β -thal and severe SCD



Sites

Sites with extensive transplant experience in countries with significant disease burden



Endpoints

HbF levels and transfusion requirements are clinically relevant and easily measurable

Potential to expand into registrational trials, as well as to additional age cohorts and β -thal genotypes, if supported by safety and efficacy

Autologous CAR-T is Transformative, but has Limitations

CAR-T has generated **tremendous excitement** . . .

“*The first-ever treatment that genetically alters a patient’s own cells to fight cancer, a milestone that is **expected to transform treatment in the coming years***”

The New York Times

. . . But there are still **significant limitations** to autologous CAR-T

Patients progress or die while waiting

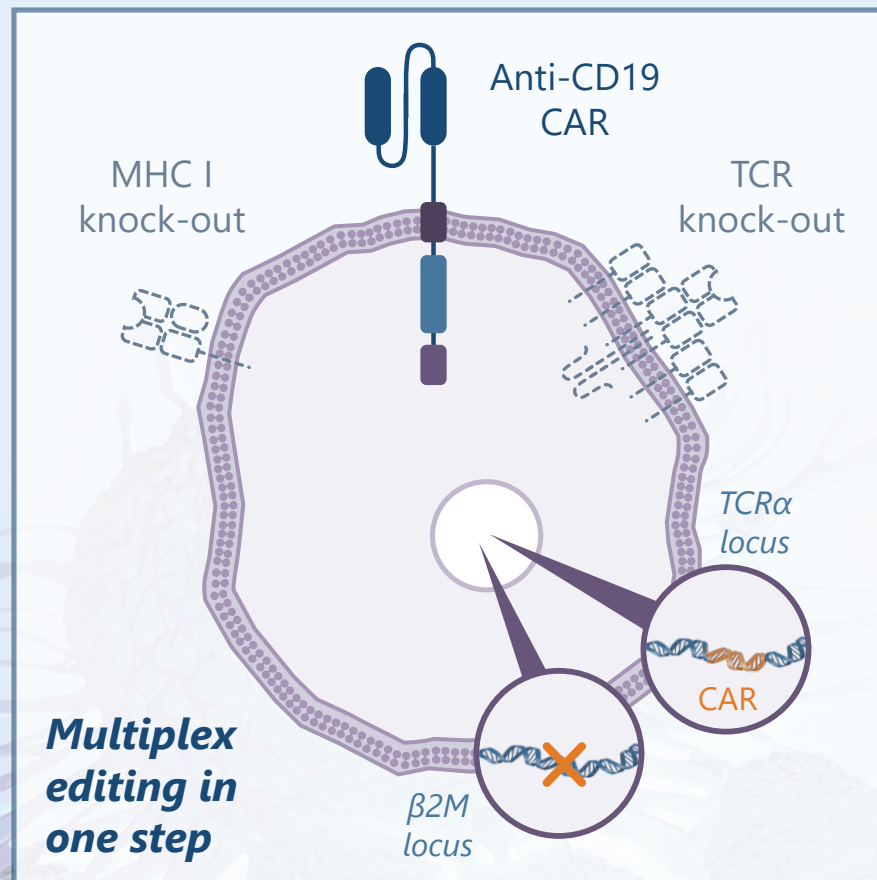
Patient-to-patient variability

Costly, complicated manufacturing

Commercial challenges of bespoke therapy

Our Approach: Gene-Edited Allogeneic CD19 CAR-T

CTX110 – our initial immuno-oncology product candidate



CRISPR enables an allogeneic approach that **remedies issues with autologous CAR-T**

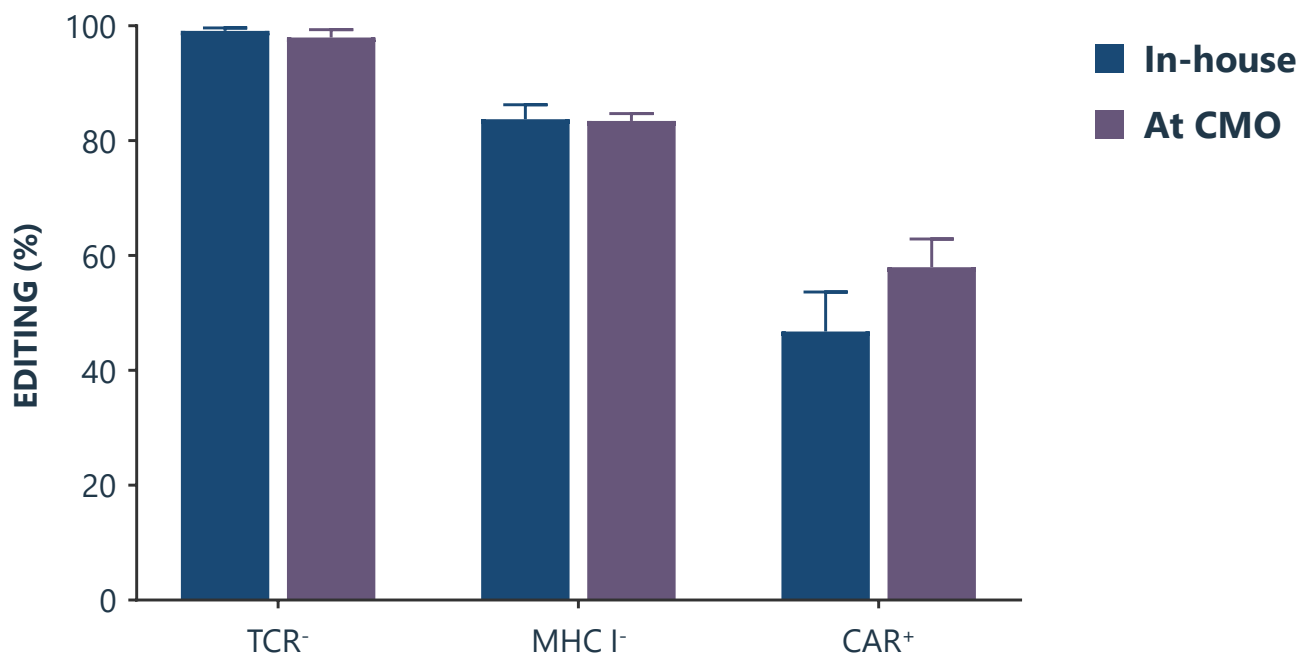
Product available immediately

Consistent healthy-donor lymphocytes

Low COGs and simpler manufacturing

Off-the-shelf product – broader access

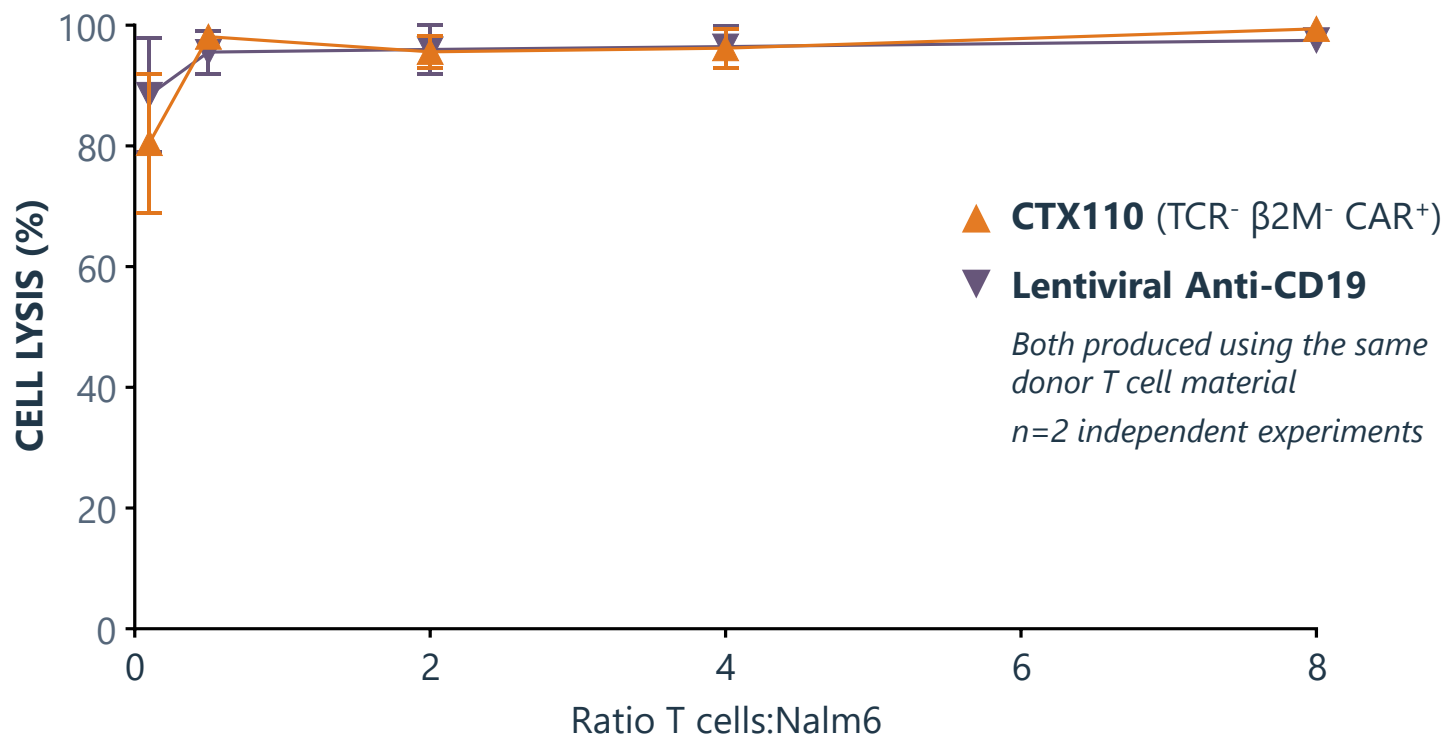
EDITING RATES ACROSS MULTIPLE DONORS



**Process development and manufacturing initiated for CTX110 –
IND-enabling studies underway**

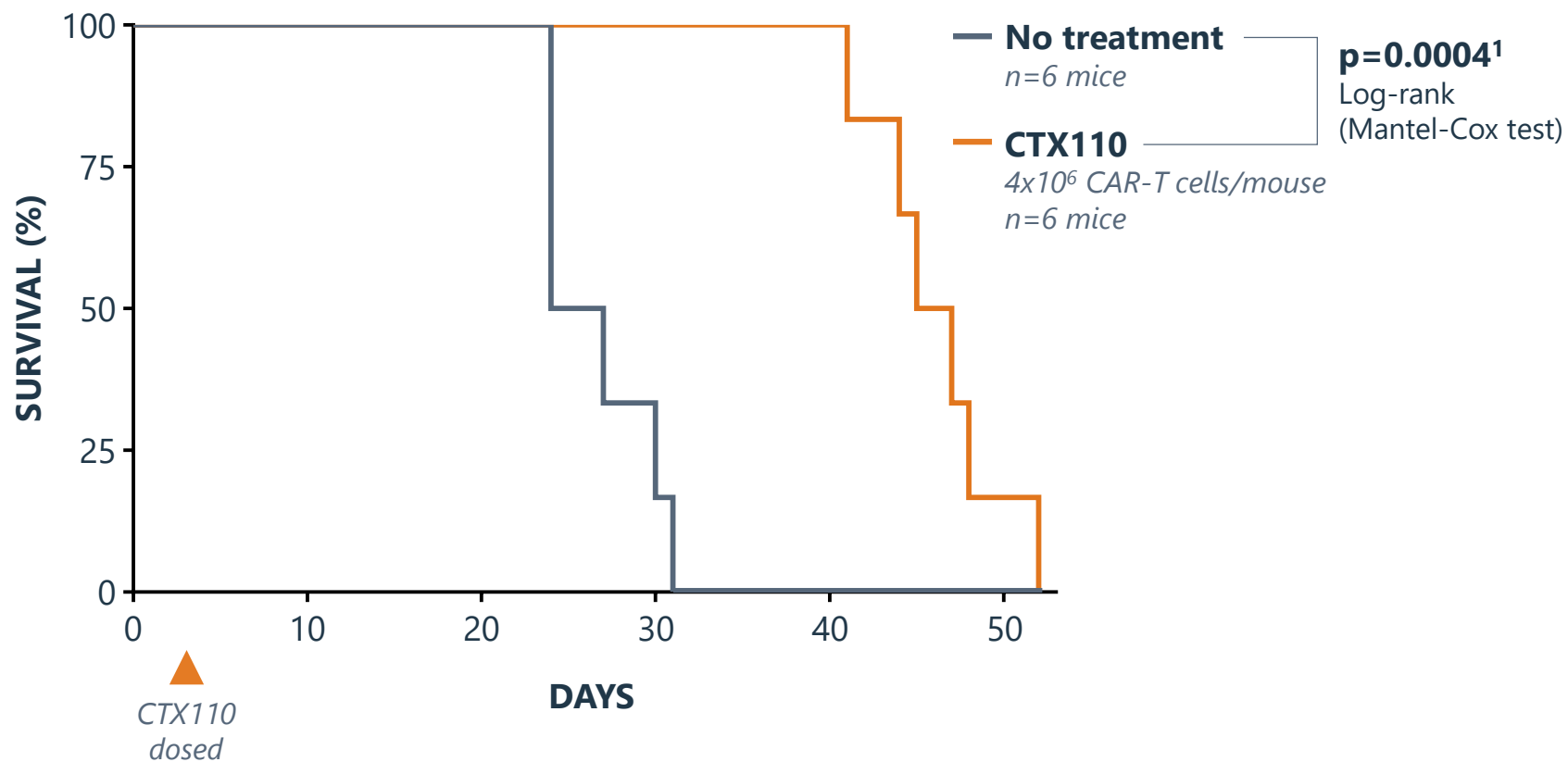
CTX110 Eliminates CD19-Expressing Tumor Cells *In Vitro*

CTX110 COMPARES FAVORABLY TO LENTIVIRAL "AUTOLOGOUS" CAR-T



CTX110 Prolongs Survival in a CD19⁺ Tumor Model *In Vivo*

PROLONGED SURVIVAL IN DISSEMINATED NALM6 B-ALL MODEL



Numerous Opportunities Beyond CTX110



Make rapid entry using validated tumor targets

Healthy-donor allo approach
in well-validated tumor targets

CD19, BCMA



Expand into solid with novel targets and advanced editing

Precise edits to make CAR-T
effective in solid tumors

***CD70, resistance to tumor
microenvironment***



Unlock the full potential of CRISPR

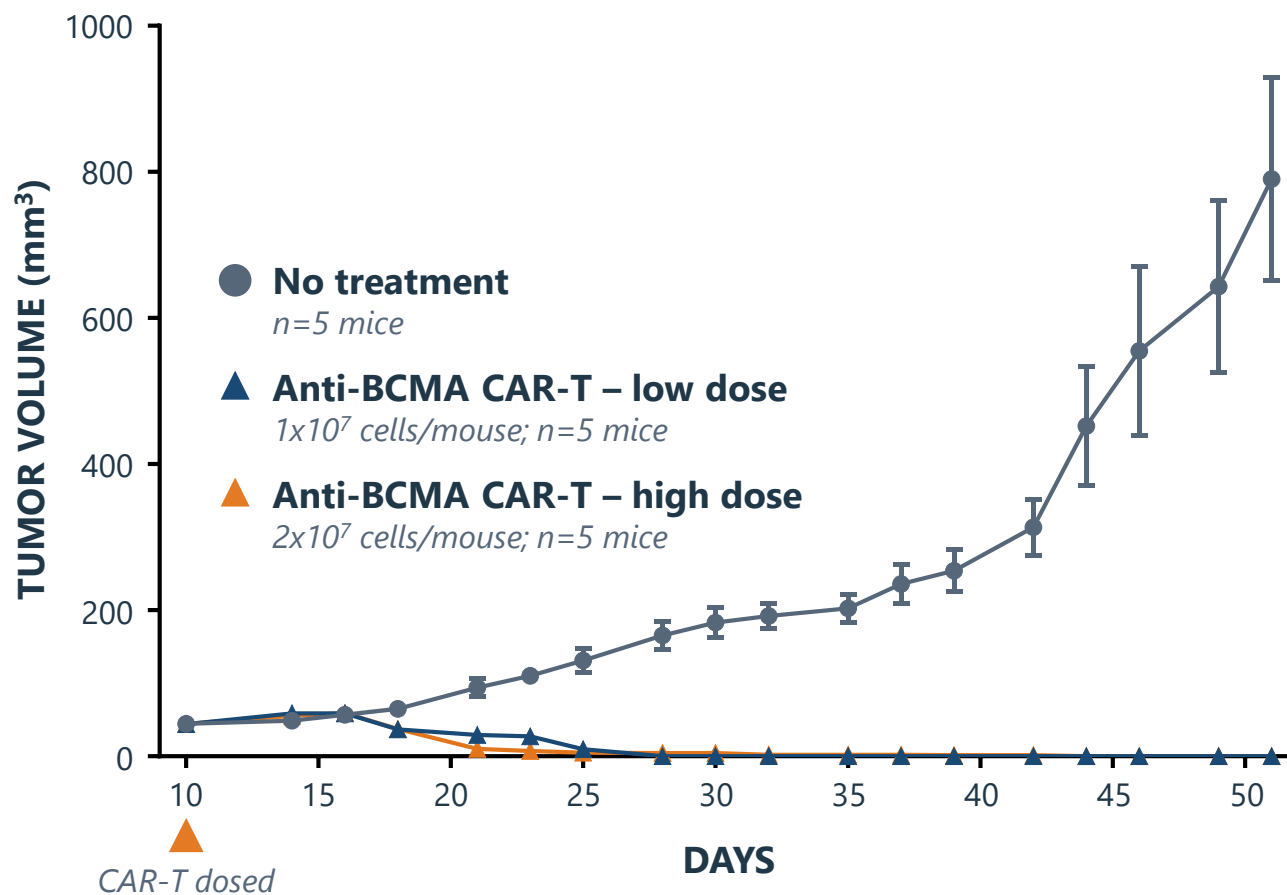
Multiplex editing to enable
more complex products

***Switches, neoantigens,
bispecifics***



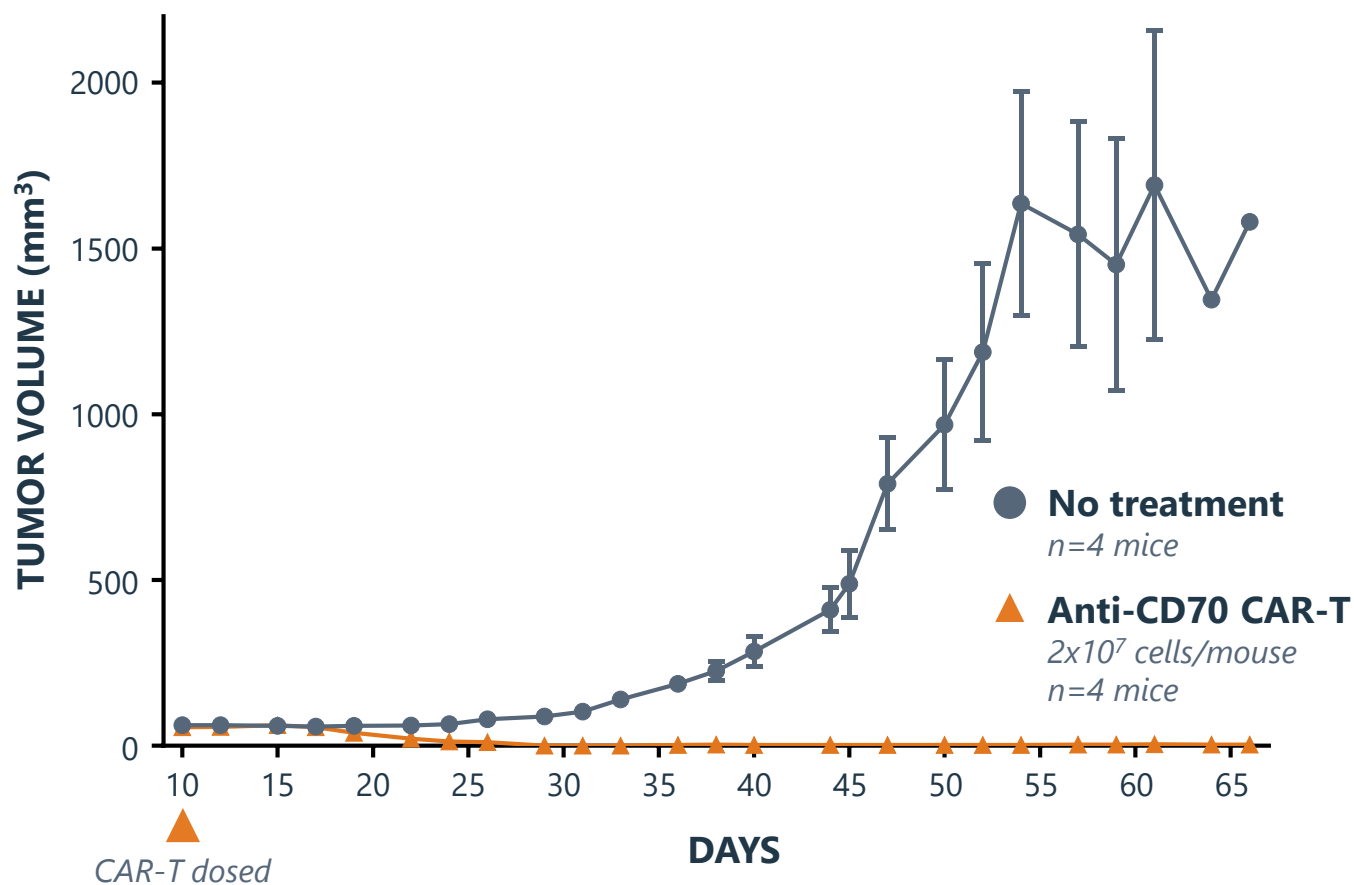
**Collaborations with Neon and MGH
to identify and exploit new targets**

SUBCUTANEOUS RPMI-8226 MULTIPLE MYELOMA MODEL COMPLETELY ELIMINATED



Gene-Edited Allo CAR-T Targeting CD70

SUBCUTANEOUS A498 RENAL CELL CARCINOMA MODEL COMPLETELY ELIMINATED



- > **85% CAR⁺** using a proprietary single chain made in-house
- > **99% TCR knock-out** even before purification

Delivering CRISPR/Cas9 to Unlock *In Vivo* Applications

NON-VIRAL

Lipid Nanoparticles (LNPs)

- › Increased potency
- › Expansion beyond liver delivery
- › Improved tolerability



Messenger RNA (mRNA)

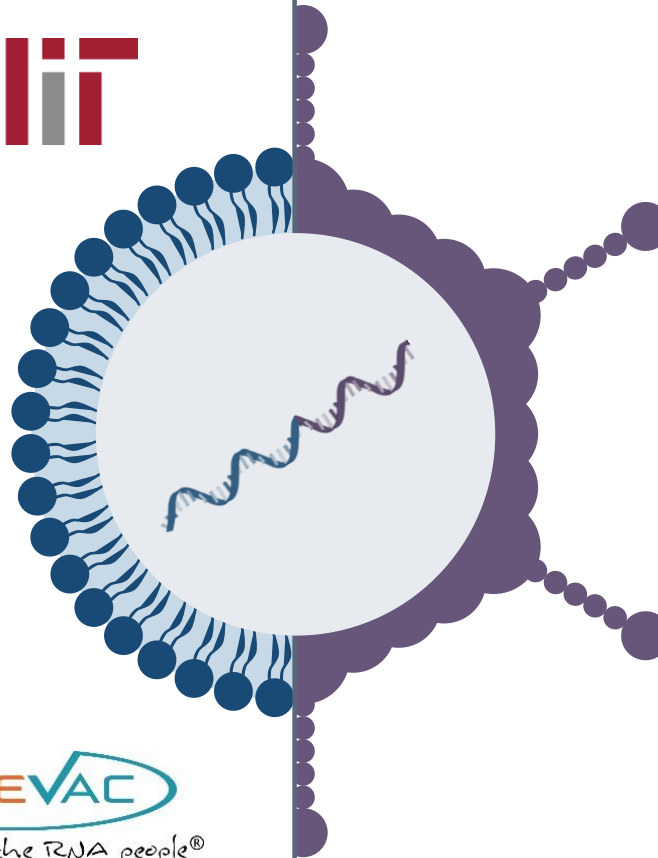
- › Controlled duration of expression
- › Tissue specificity
- › Increased potency



VIRAL

Adeno-Associated Virus (AAV)

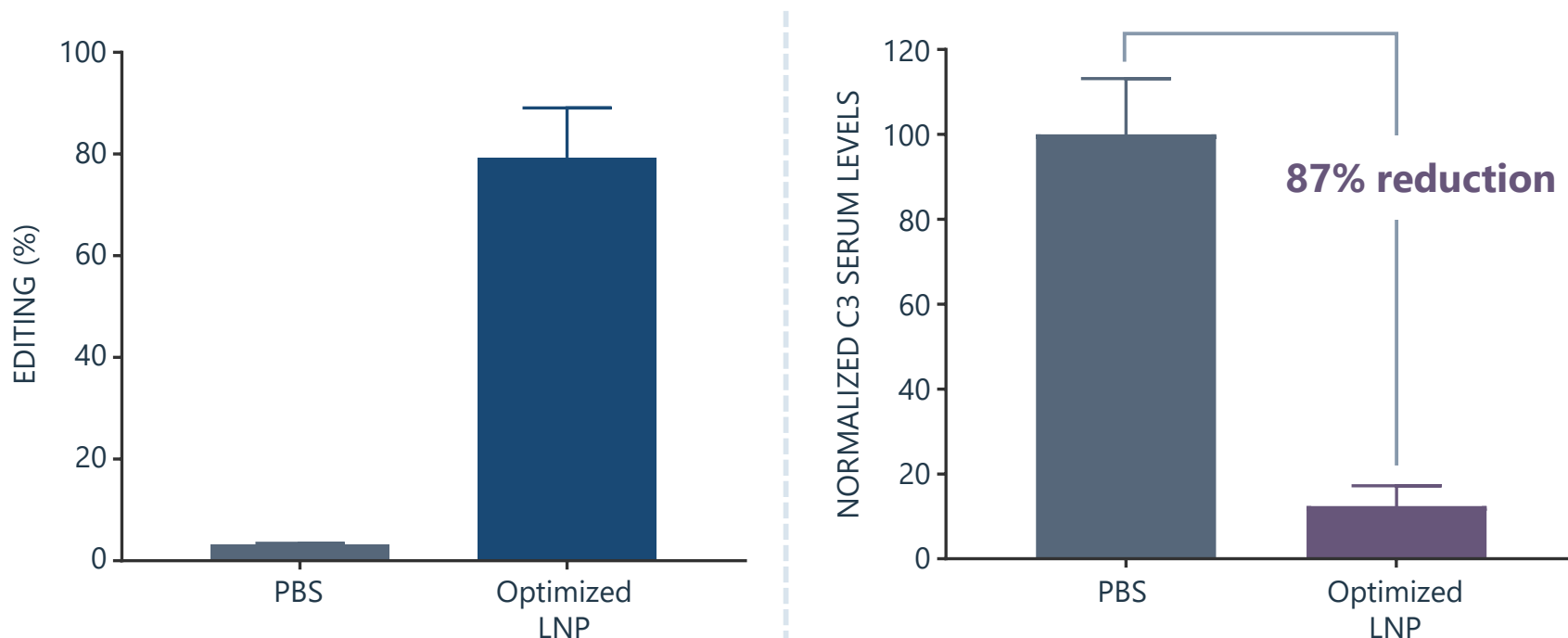
- › Improved tissue specificity
- › Reduced immunogenicity
- › Self-inactivation



Potent Liver Editing Using Proprietary LNP Technology

SIGNIFICANT DECREASE IN SERUM C3 LEVELS AFTER EDITING *IN VIVO*

Editing and serum protein quantified in five mice following intravenous LNP dose



**~80% editing in mouse livers and 87% reduction in serum C3 protein using
just 1 mg/kg total RNA**

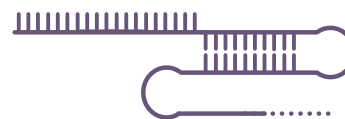
NUCLEASE ENGINEERING

Enhance CRISPR/Cas9 system through protein engineering



GUIDE RNA OPTIMIZATION

Identify optimal guide RNA formats and sequences for therapeutic editing



PLATFORM ENHANCEMENT



ADVANCED EDITING

Improve efficiency of gene correction and multiplexing



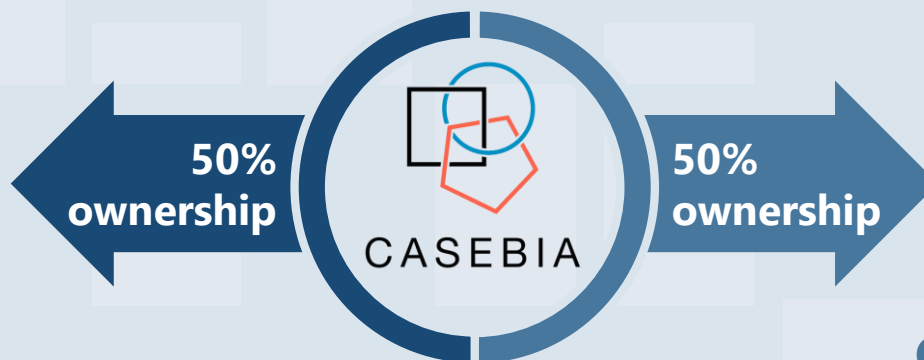
STEM CELL ENGINEERING

Expand applications of gene-edited stem cells to treat disease

Fifty-Percent Ownership of Casebia Therapeutics



Committed IP
for select indications



Committed \$370M
*\$265M to Casebia and
\$105M to CRISPR*

THERAPEUTIC FOCUS AREAS



Hematology



Cardiology



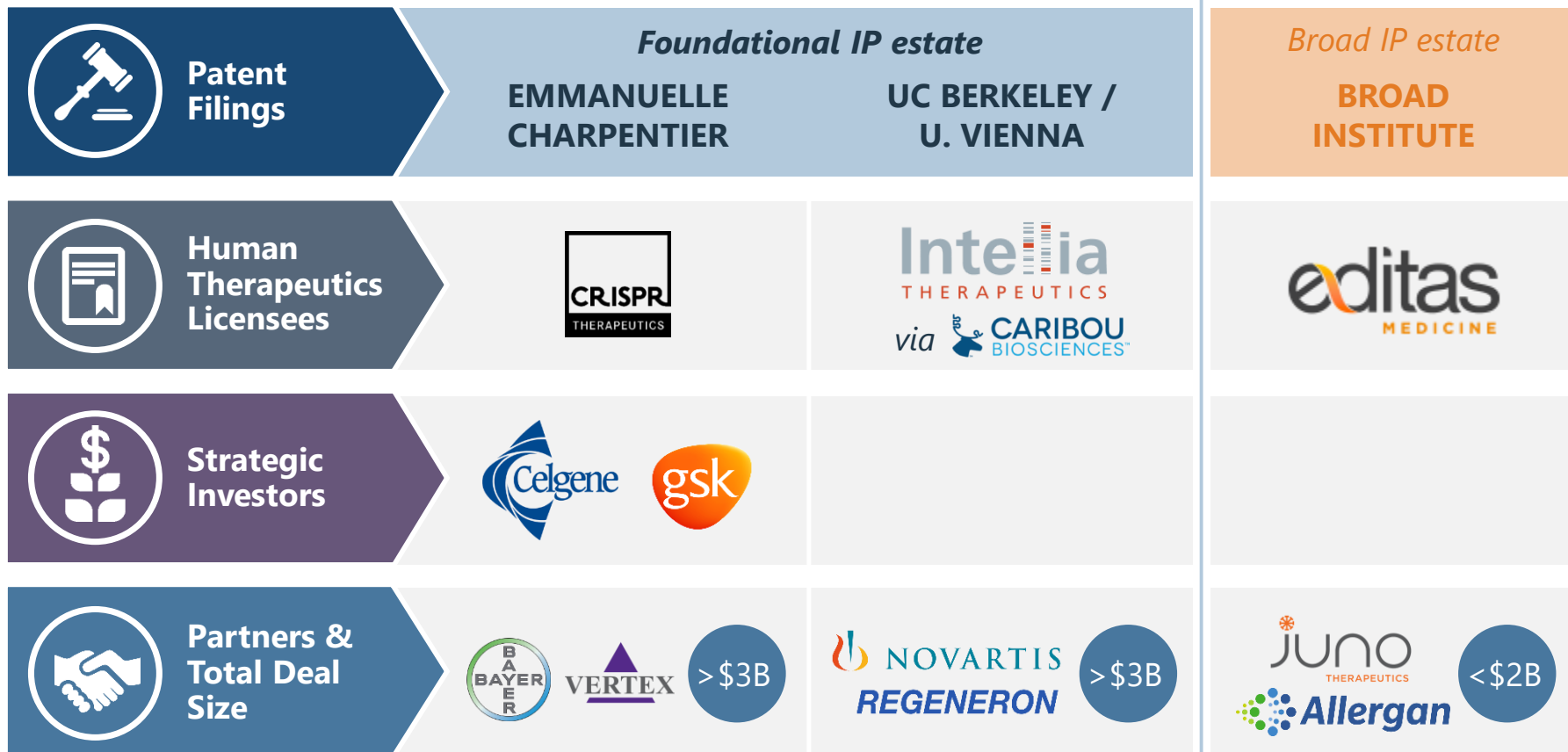
Ophthalmology

**Joint research on
platform technology**
– protein engineering,
delivery, etc.



**CRISPR has full access
at no cost to *all new* IP**
for use within the field of
human therapeutics

Foundational Intellectual Property Landscape



- › Direct license to foundational IP covering all human therapeutic fields; term through 2033
- › Four large pharma partnerships indicate strength of the Charpentier / Berkeley foundational IP estate
- › Access to Vilnius IP estate through invention management agreement

UNITED STATES

**Charpentier / UCB / U. Vienna
granted wide-ranging patent;
multiple applications progressing**

- › Wide-ranging patent granted in U.S.
- › Multiple patent applications moving forward in parallel with both broad and narrow claims
- › Appeal ongoing in Federal Appeals Court to overturn Feb 2017 PTAB decision to end the first interference on technical grounds – decision expected in 2018

EUROPE AND GLOBAL

**Charpentier / UCB / U. Vienna
granted foundational patents,
including use in eukaryotes**

- › 3 patents granted between EU and U.K. include single-guide RNA and uses in all settings
- › Patents of broad scope granted in Japan, China, Singapore, Australia, New Zealand, Mexico, and elsewhere
- › Advancing applications globally in ~80 jurisdictions worldwide with both broad and narrow claims

Experienced Management Team

SAM KULKARNI, PHD

Chief Executive Officer
Partner, McKinsey & Company

RODGER NOVAK, MD

President & Chairman
Head of Anti-Infectives R&D, Sanofi

TONY HO, MD

Head of Research & Development
Head of Oncology Innovation, AstraZeneca

JIM KASINGER, JD

General Counsel & Corporate Secretary
General Counsel, Moderna

LAWRENCE KLEIN, PHD

Head of Business Development & Strategy
Associate Partner, McKinsey & Company

MIKE TOMSICEK, MBA

Chief Financial Officer
Chief Financial Officer, Abiomed

SHELBY WALKER, JD

Head of Intellectual Property
Chief IP Counsel, Dyax

McKinsey & Company

SANOFI 

AstraZeneca 

moderna™

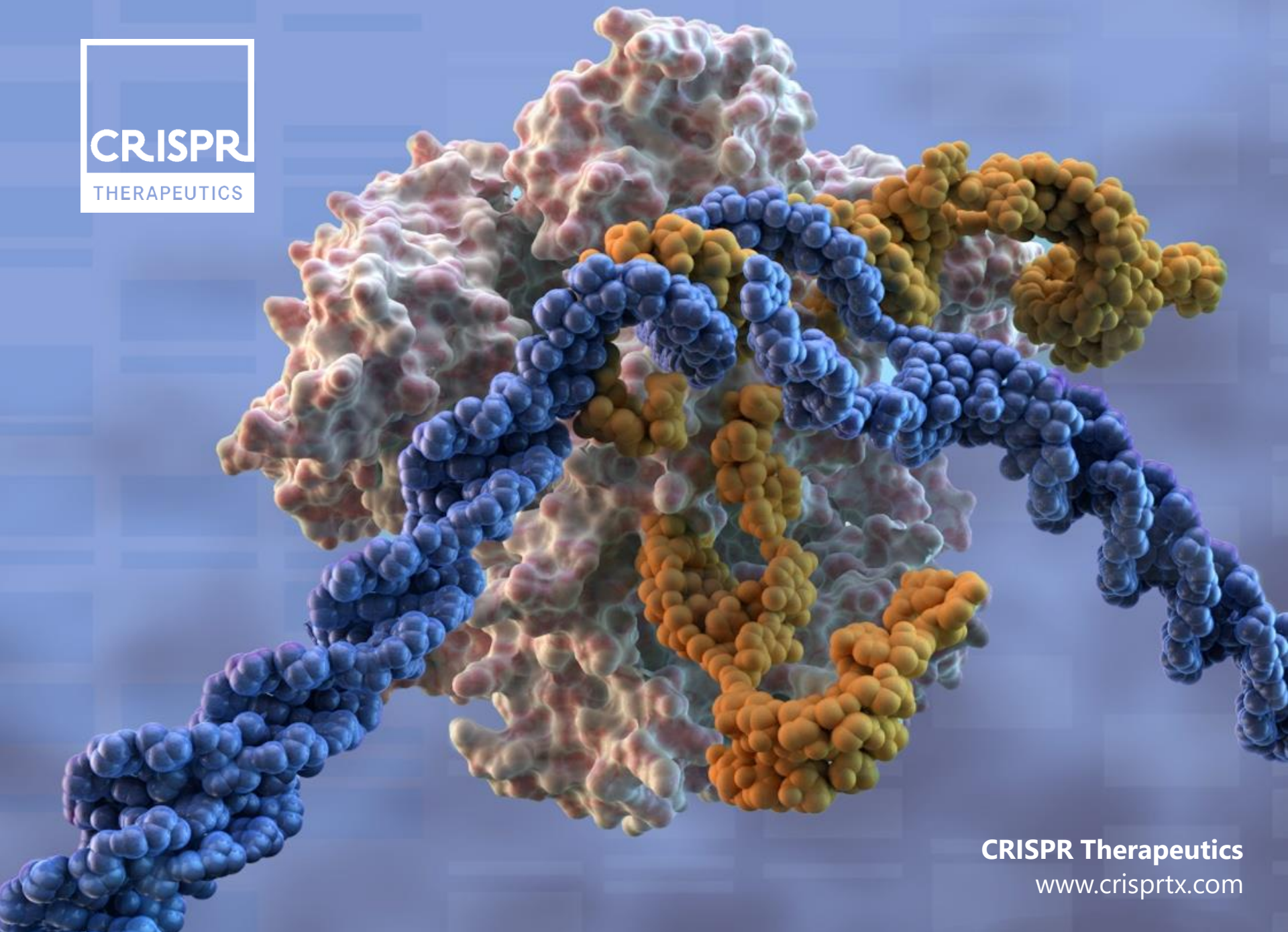
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