



# CRISPR Corporate Update

44<sup>th</sup> Annual J.P. Morgan Healthcare Conference

January 12, 2026



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# Executing Our Vision Across Four Therapeutic Franchises



Our vision is to develop cures for people suffering from serious diseases through transformative gene-based medicines

## Commercial / Clinical Assets

## Preclinical Assets / Platform

### Heme



- **CASGEVY**, with multi-billion peak revenue potential (40% share for CRISPR)
- Addressable population: pediatric expansion and gentler conditioning agents

- Best-in-class NHP results for ***In Vivo* HSC editing**

### *In Vivo*



- Transformative Phase 1 data for **CTX310** published in NEJM in November 2025
- Best-in-class siRNA (**CTX611**) targeting FXI achieved >93% peak reduction in FXI activity with Q6M dosing

- Additional clinical candidates in CV for Lp(a), AGT
- Expansion into rare diseases with SyNTase™ editing and leading LNP platform

### CAR-T



- Best-in-class allogeneic CAR-T with **zugo-cel**
- 70% CR rate in DLBCL and encouraging data in autoimmune indications (SLE and Myositis)

- Best-in-class NHP results for ***In Vivo* CAR-T** (both transient and permanent CAR-Ts)

### T1D



- Allogeneic beta-cell replacement therapy for diabetes
- Proof-of-concept clinical data with CTX211

- Advancing CTX213 as potential best-in-class islet cell therapy for Type 1 diabetes

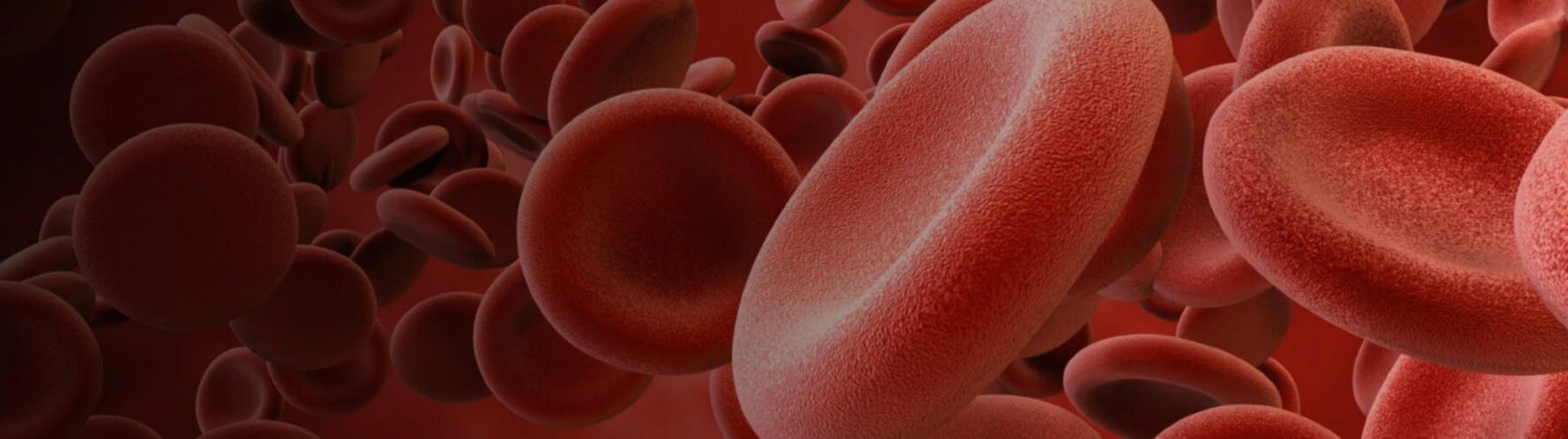
# Broad & Diversified Pipeline



	Program	Disease(s)	Research	IND-Enabling	Clinical	Approved	Partner
Heme	CASGEVY <sup>1</sup>	SCD and TDT	●	●	●	●	
	<i>In Vivo</i> HSC editing <sup>2</sup>	SCD, TDT, and others	●	●	●	●	
CAR-T I/O & Autoimmune	Zugocabtagene geleucel Anti-CD19 allogeneic CAR-T	Autoimmune: SLE, SSc, IIM, ITP, WAIHA Oncology: B cell malignancies	●	●	●	●	
	<i>In Vivo</i> CAR-T	Autoimmune and Oncology indications	●	●	●	●	
<i>In Vivo</i> Cardiovascular & Rare Diseases	CTX310: ANGPTL3	sHTG, HeFH, HoFH, Mixed dyslipidemias	●	●	●	●	
	CTX611: FXI	Thromboembolic conditions	●	●	●	●	
	CTX321: LPA	ASCVD with elevated Lp(a)	●	●	●	●	
	CTX340: AGT	Refractory hypertension	●	●	●	●	
	CTX460: SERPINA1	Alpha-1 Antitrypsin Disorder	●	●	●	●	
T1D	CTX213	Type I Diabetes Mellitus	●	●	●	●	
Other Discl- sed	Licensed Programs: DMD, DM1, CF		●	●	●	●	

SCD: Severe sickle cell disease; TDT: Transfusion-dependent  $\beta$ -thalassemia; HeFH: Heterozygous familial hypercholesterolemia; HoFH: Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia; sHTG: Severe hypertriglyceridemia; SLE: Systemic lupus erythematosus; IIM: Idiopathic inflammatory myopathies; ITP: Immune Thrombocytopenic Purpura; WAIHA: Warm Autoimmune Hemolytic Anemia; DMD: Duchenne's muscular dystrophy; DM1: Myotonic dystrophy type I; CF: Cystic Fibrosis; SSc: Systemic sclerosis

1. Currently approved in some countries for certain eligible patients with SCD or TDT; 2. Collaboration with Vertex for applications in SCD and TDT



# Hemoglobinopathies

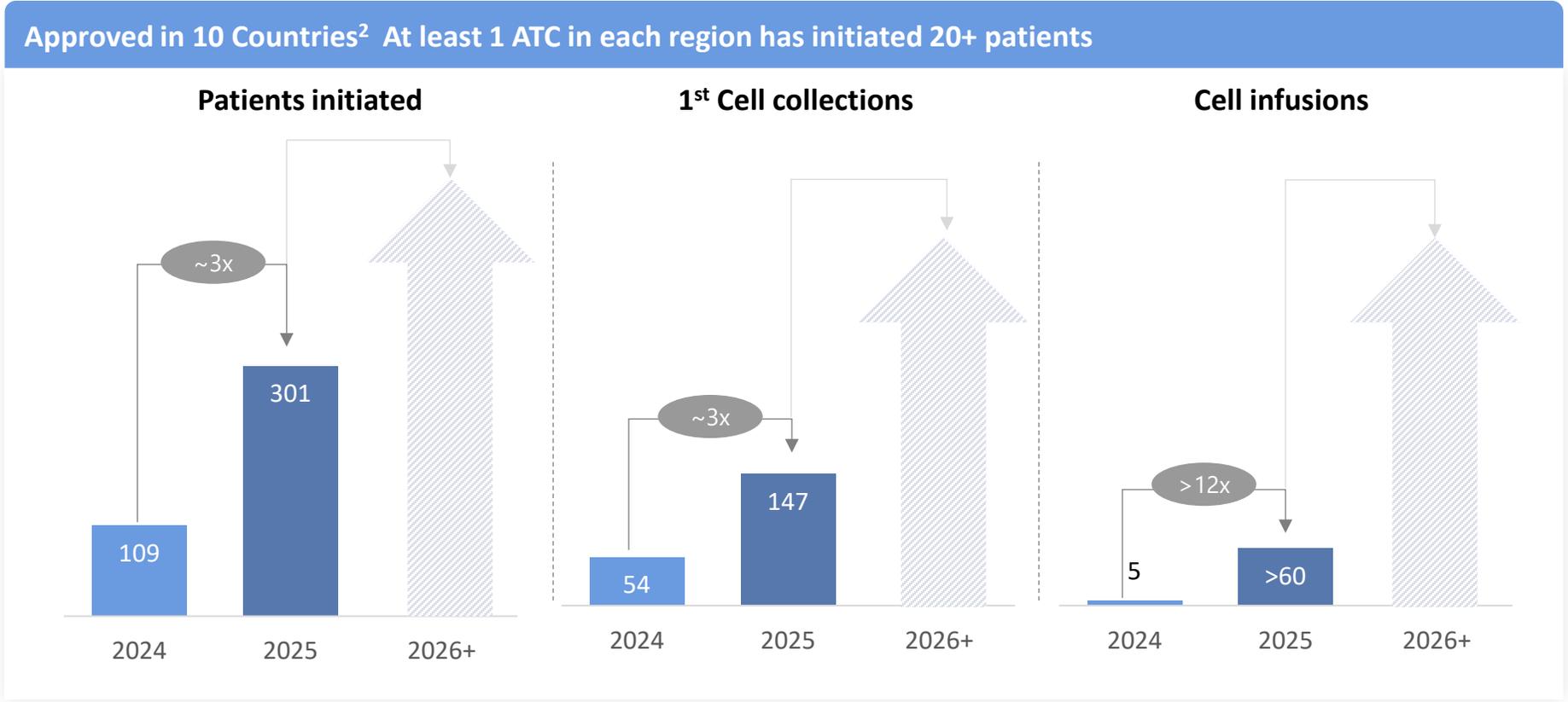
# CASGEVY Launch Accelerated Meaningfully in 2025



Unparalleled speed and execution to a landmark approval<sup>1</sup>



Over 75 Authorized Treatment Centers (ATCs) activated globally



CASGEVY has exceeded \$100 million in 2025 revenue, with infusions occurring in all regions for both sickle cell and beta thalassemia

1. Approved by the US FDA for treatment of patients aged 12 years and older with sickle cell disease (SCD) with recurrent vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) and transfusion-dependent  $\beta$ -thalassemia (TDT) Granted conditional marketing authorization by the UK MHRA and Bahrain NHRA for patients 12 years of age and older with SCD and recurrent VOCs or TDT, for whom hematopoietic stem cell transplantation is appropriate and a human leukocyte antigen–matched related donor is not available. CASGEVY has also been approved in other countries for certain eligible patients with SCD or TDT; 2. Including US, UK, EU, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA), Bahrain, Qatar, Canada, Switzerland, and United Arab Emirates (UAE)

# Continue to Build on the Momentum for CASGEVY in 2026

## Potential expansion into pediatric severe SCD and TDT patients

Data presented at ASH 25, from pivotal studies in children ages 5-11, demonstrated the transformative potential of the therapy in younger patients:

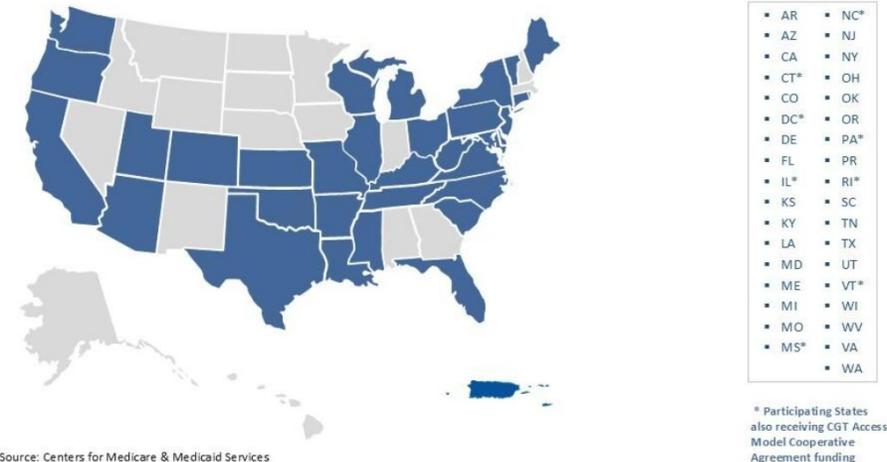
**100%** (4/4) SCD children with sufficient follow-up achieved the primary endpoint of being free from vaso-occlusive crises (VOCs) for at least 12 consecutive months (VF12)

**100%** (6/6) patients with sufficient follow-up achieved the primary endpoint of transfusion independence for at least 12 consecutive months while maintaining a weighted average hemoglobin (Hb) of at least 9 g/dL (TI12)

## CASGEVY included on list of programs eligible for FDA's CNPV program

### FDA NEWS RELEASE FDA Awards Second Batch of National Priority Vouchers

#### CMMI pilot program to include 84% of Medicaid beneficiaries with SCD

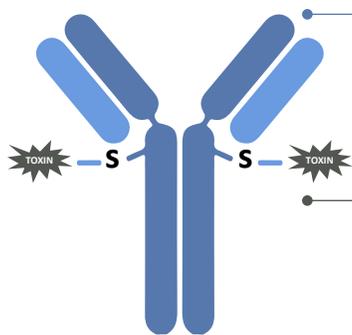


Regulatory submissions for CASGEVY<sup>1</sup> in children 5-11 years old expected in 1H 2026

# Serial Innovation in Enabling Technologies Will Broaden Access

## Targeted Conditioning

Antibody–drug conjugate (ADC) for specific depletion of hematopoietic stem cells (HSCs) with no off-target or bystander toxicity



Proprietary **GMP monoclonal antibody** with **short half-life** to enable rapid infusion of edited cells

Validated **GMP toxin** with HSC activity and **reduced hydrophobicity** to limit non-target cell toxicity

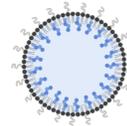
Studies in non-human primates (NHP) ongoing



150k+ addressable patients worldwide

## *In Vivo* Editing of HSCs

### Delivery



Creating optimized system for *In Vivo* HSC editing with ideal characteristics

### Editing



Tolerable doses with no off-target toxicities

Editing of LT-HSCs for durable effect vs. HSPCs only

Potential for redosability for enhanced editing

Core research focus in 2026



400k+ addressable patients worldwide

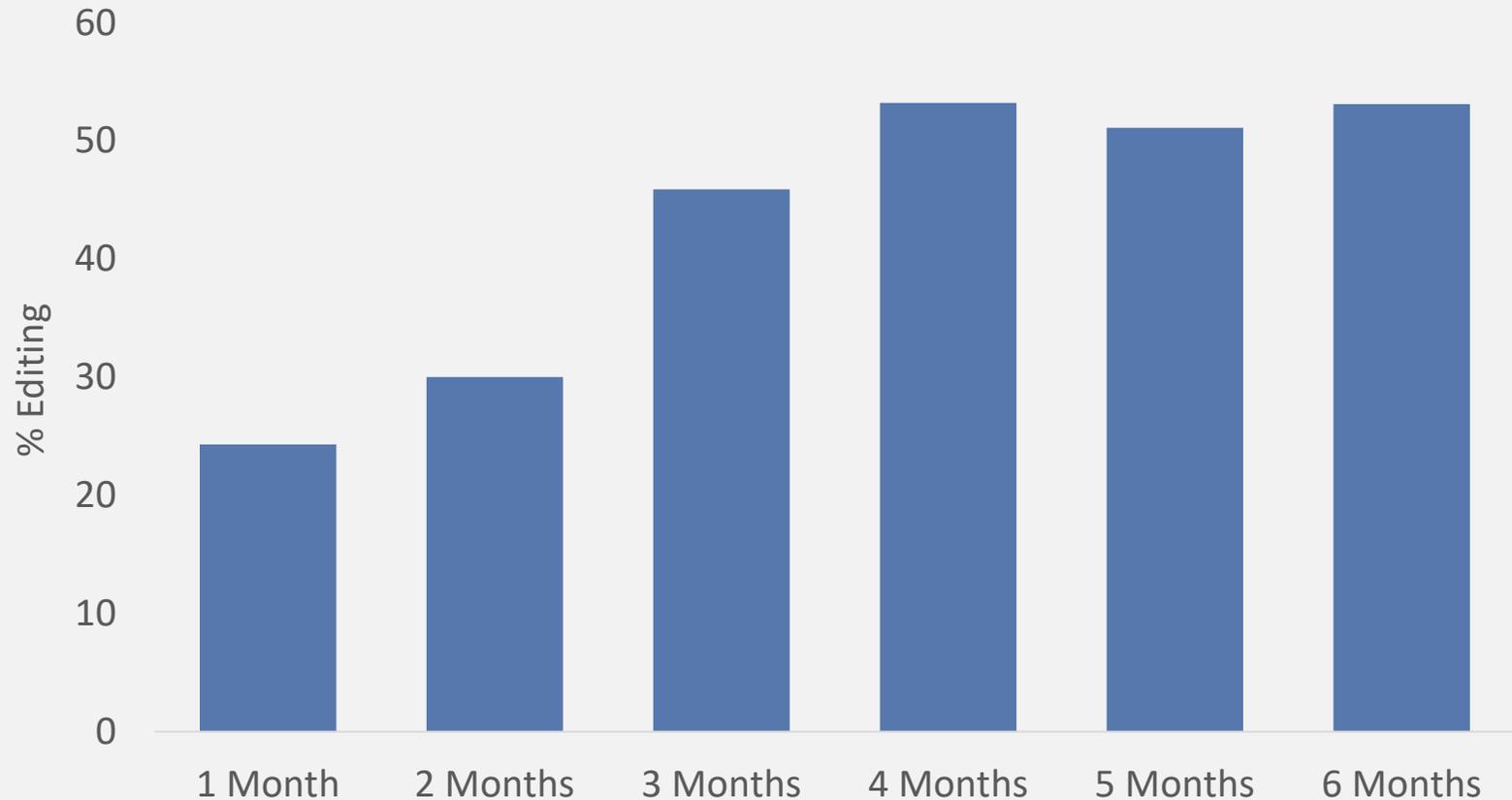
# In Vivo Editing: Achieved >50% Editing in HSCs, Durable >6 months After a Single Dose in NHPs

## In Vivo HSC Editing Platform

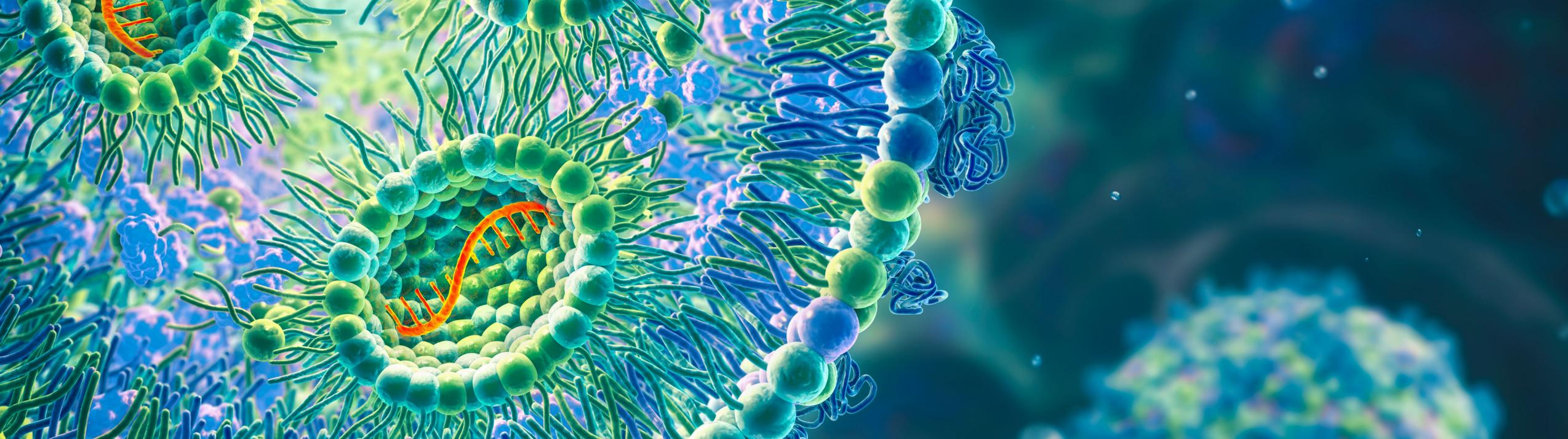
- Proprietary antibody-conjugated LNP delivery systems for *In Vivo* HSC editing
- NHP studies provide platform validation
- Applications in SCD, TDT and other indications - a core focus for 2026



Editing in HSCs<sup>1</sup> following a single IV dose of LNP-mRNA



HSCs: Hematopoietic Stem Cells; IV: Intravenous  
1. Sorted as Lineage negative, CD34+ CD90+ HSPCs



***In Vivo***

# Transformative Data with Our First *In Vivo* Program – CTX310



**~50% mean LDL and ~55% mean triglyceride reductions with well-tolerated safety profile in Phase I basket study for CTX310 targeting ANGPTL3**



The NEW ENGLAND  
JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

## Phase 1 Trial of CRISPR-Cas9 Gene Editing Targeting ANGPTL3

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John Baker, M.D.,<sup>6</sup> Ashish Sarraju, M.D.,<sup>1,2</sup> Shweta Singh, Ph.D.,<sup>7</sup>  
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## Harmful cholesterol levels cut in half with one-time gene editing drug in early trial

One dose of an experimental drug cover offer lifetime treatment for people with high cholesterol, but its long-term safety is uncertain.

HEALTH



## CRISPR gene-editing works to reduce high cholesterol in a new study

NOVEMBER 8, 2025 · 9:58 AM ET

**ENDPOINTS**  
NEWS

## CRISPR Therapeutics' gene editing therapy halves cholesterol and triglycerides in early trial

Paradigm changing – Potential to disrupt the chronic care model with a “one and done” solution

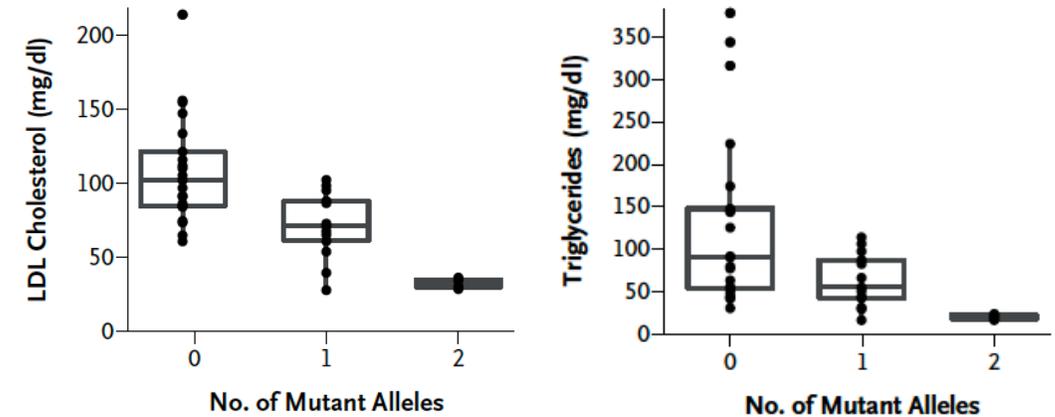
# ANGPTL3 Associated with Low Lipids and Low CV Risk

## Campodimele, Italy

- “The long-lived village”
- Carriers of LoF ANGPTL3 Variant

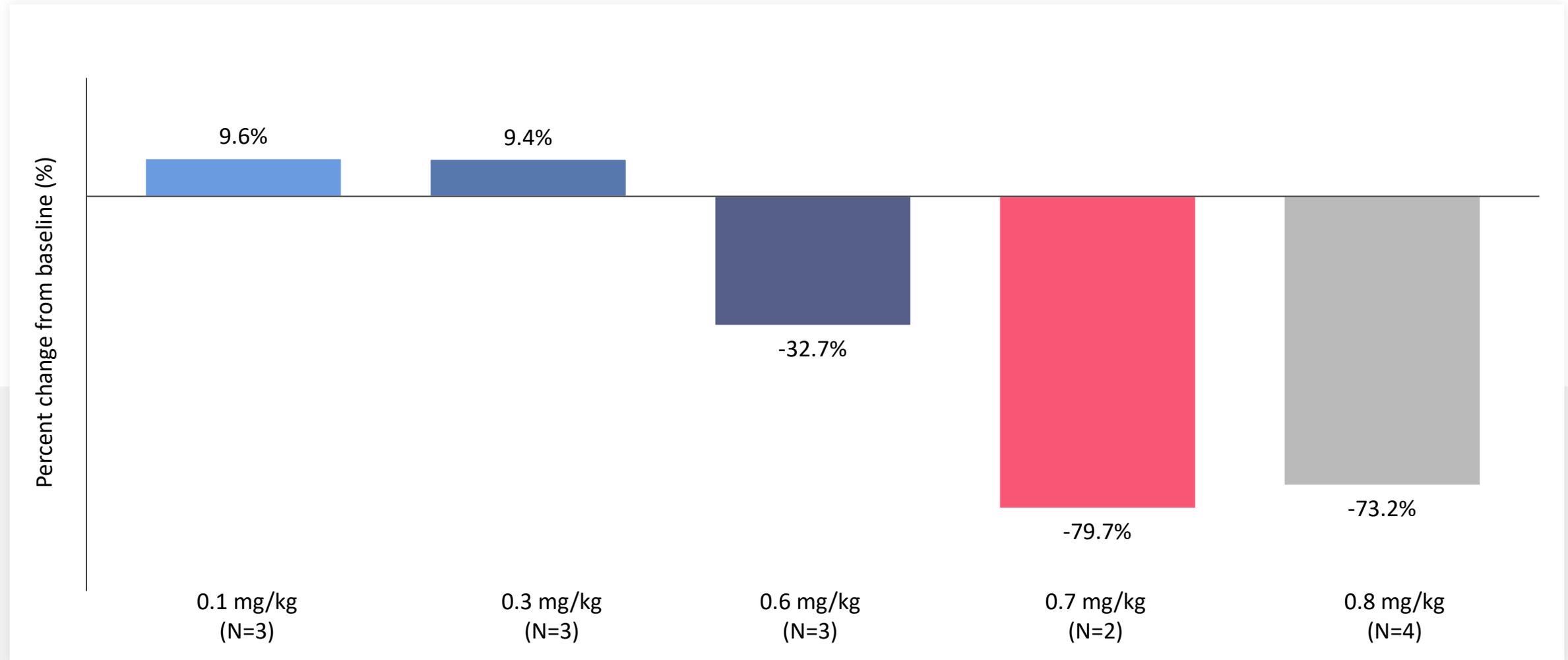


## ANGPTL3 LoF Mutations Lead to Lower LDL and TG



# CTX310: Mean Percent Change from Baseline in ANGPTL3

N = 15 patients

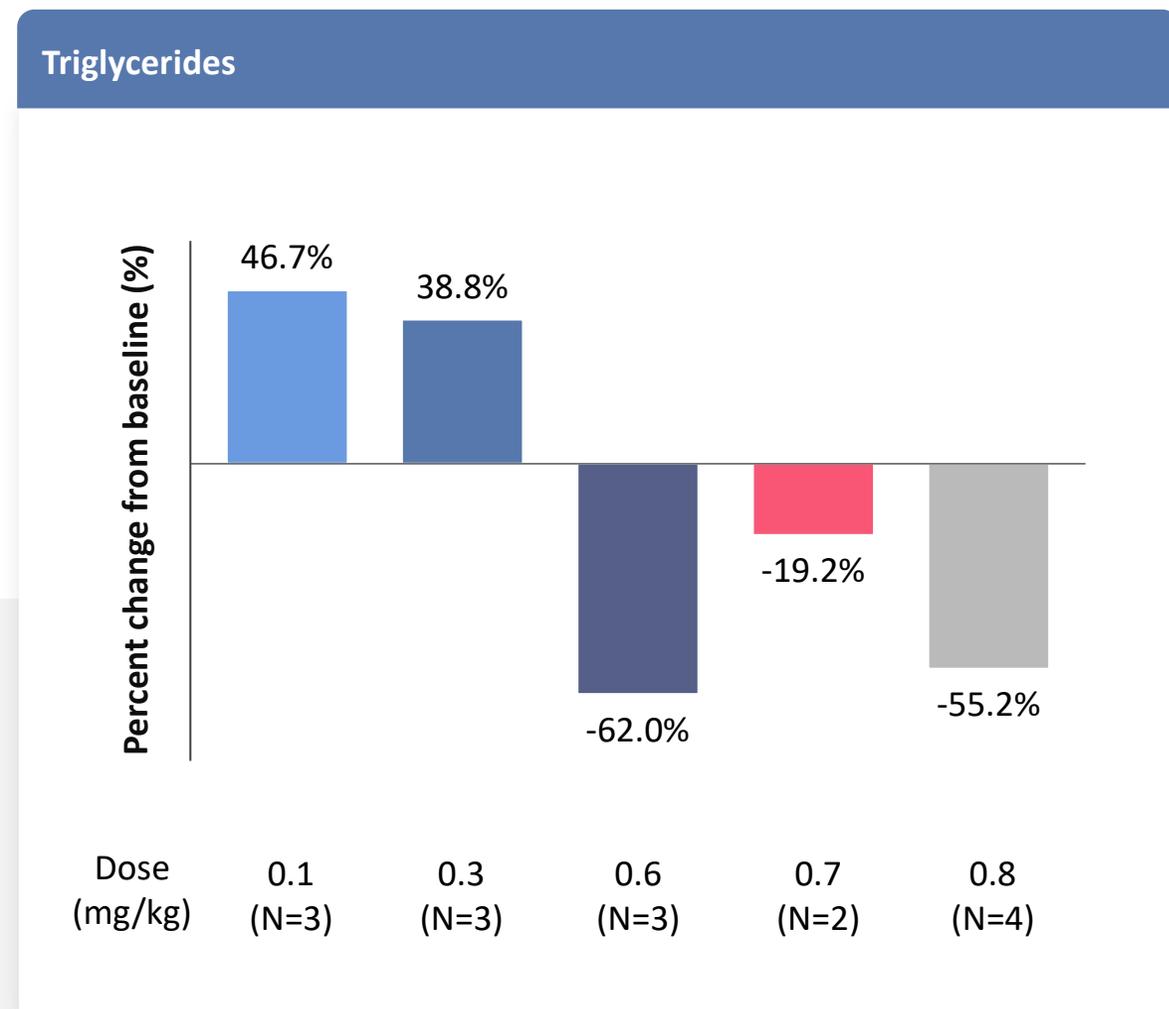
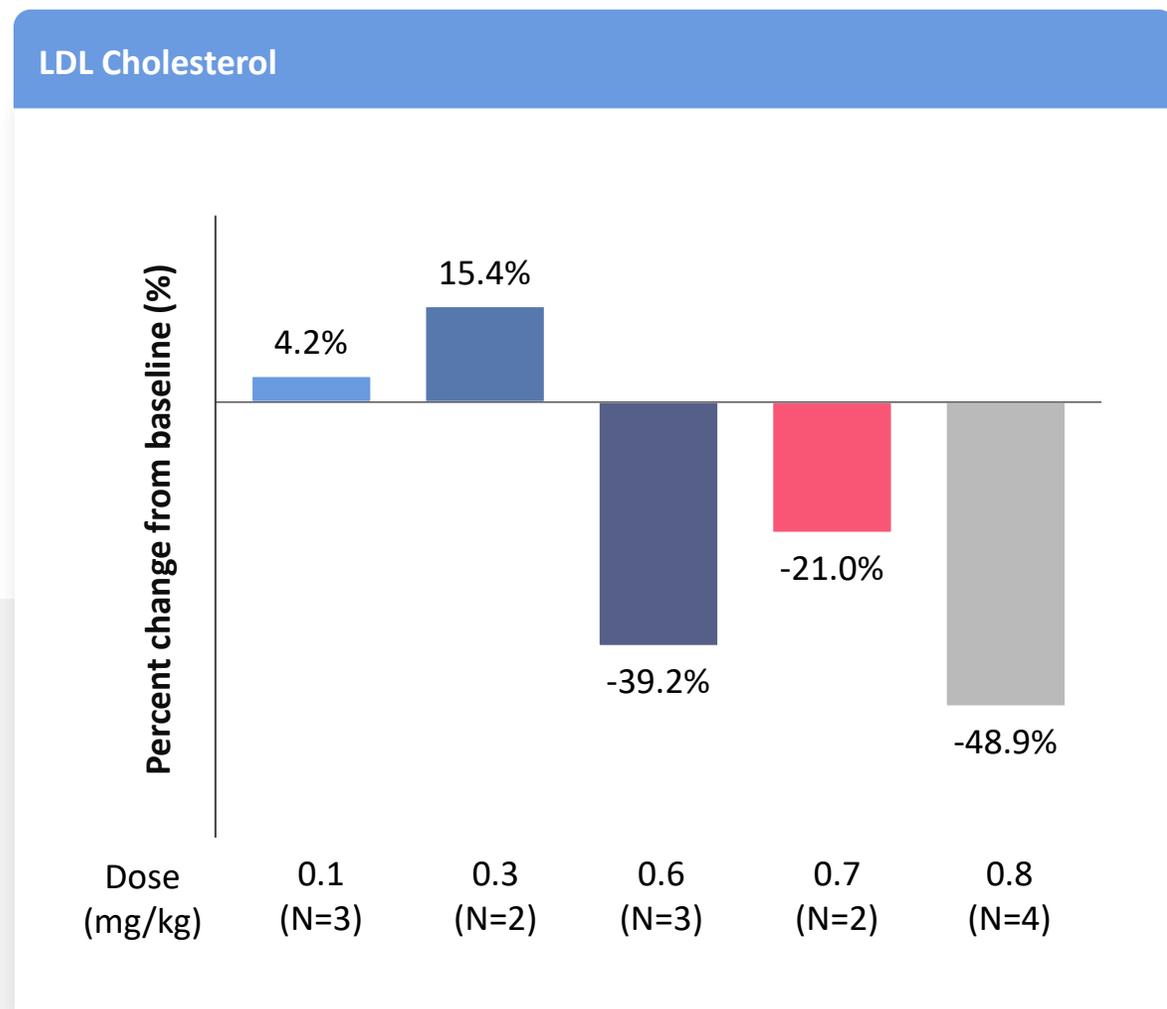


Data presented at American Heart Association Meeting in Nov 2025  
Note: Mean percent change from baseline are reported at 30 days for all subjects.

# CTX310: Mean Percent Change from Baseline in LDL and Triglycerides



N = 15 patients; baseline LDL = 155 mg/dL and baseline TG = 192 mg/dL



Data presented at American Heart Association Meeting in Nov 2025

Note: Mean percent change from baseline are reported at 90 days following 0.1, 0.3, and 0.6 mg/kg CTX310 doses and at 60 days following 0.7 and 0.8 mg/kg CTX310 doses.

# CTX310: Adverse Events & Safety Findings



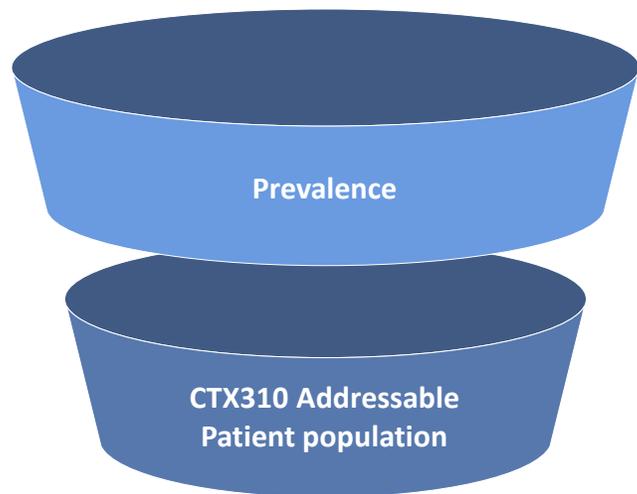
	N (%)
Any serious adverse events	2 (13)
Serious adverse events related to CTX310	0 (0)
Participants with any investigator-reported adverse event	14 (93)
Adverse event deemed related to CTX310	7 (47)
Adverse event of special interest	4 (27)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Allergic or localized reaction</li> </ul>	1 (7)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Infusion-related reaction</li> </ul>	3 (20)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Elevation in AST or ALT<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>	1 (7)
Death <sup>1</sup>	1 (7)

Data presented at American Heart Association Meeting in Nov 2025

1. Occurred in a participant 179 days after treatment with the 0.1 mg/kg dose, deemed unrelated to CTX310
2. Transient elevation in ALT; peaked at Day 4 and resolved with no increases in bilirubin or ALP

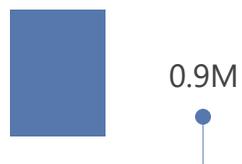
# CTX310 Has Multi-Billion Commercial Opportunity

## Addressable US Patient Populations Across sHTG, HoFH, HeFH, and non-FH



Potential CTX310 Value Proposition<sup>3</sup>

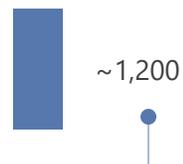
### sHTG



~30% High-risk AP<sup>1</sup> patients

- Triglyceride reduction
- Acute pancreatitis reduction

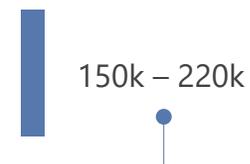
### HoFH



~90% Refractory to PCSK9 treatments

- LDL Reduction

### HeFH + non-FH<sup>2</sup>



~20% Refractory to PCSK9 treatments

- LDL Reduction

Deep, durable therapeutic effect

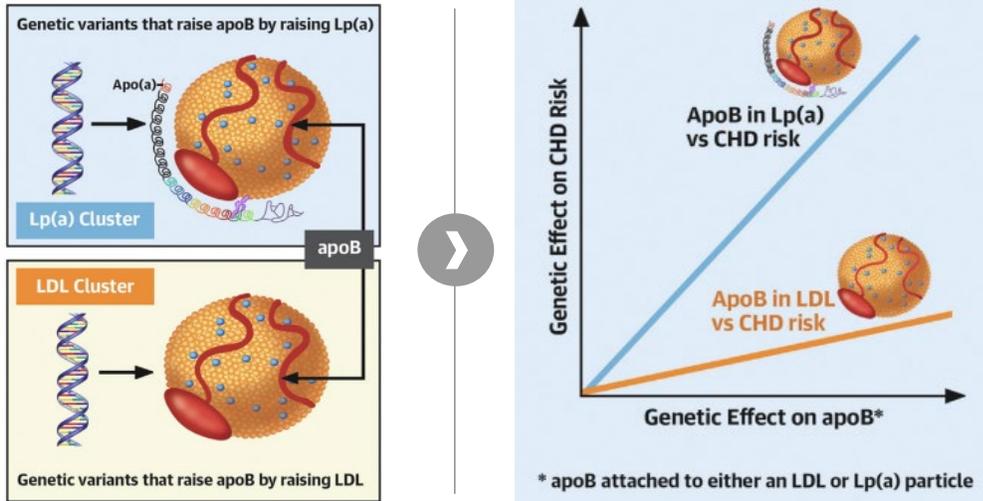
CTX310 has >1M addressable patient population in US, representing a multi-billion commercial opportunity

HeFH: Heterozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia; HoFH: Homozygous Familial Hypercholesterolemia; sHTG: Severe Hypertriglyceridemia; FH: Familial Hypercholesterolemia

1. High AP risk defined as patients with TG >880 mg/dL or TG of 500-880 mg/dL with history of AP; 2. Non-FH patients defined as those refractory to SoC therapies on LDL control; 3. Only considering biomarkers-based clinical endpoints; CV outcomes endpoints could further expand the market

# Lp(a) Gene Editing Program is a Key Focus for the Company

Lp(a) is an independent risk factor for atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD)



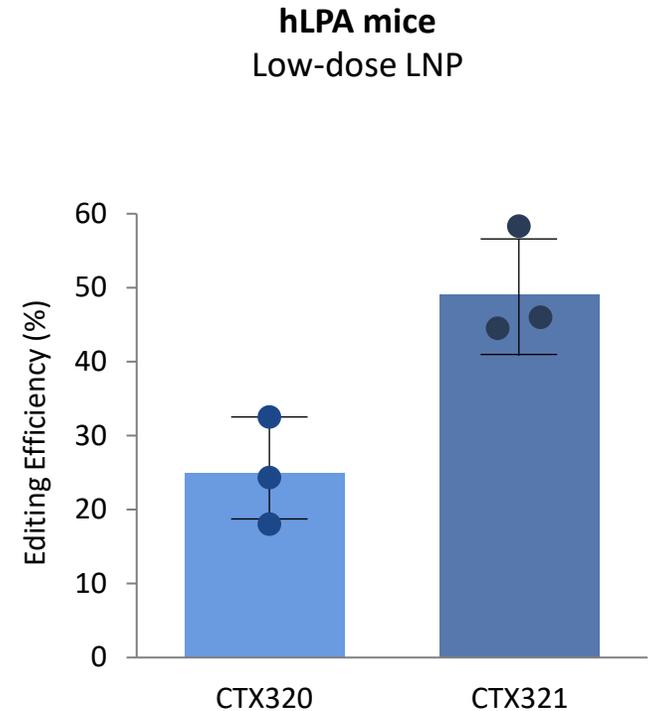
- Epidemiologic, Mendelian randomization, and genome-wide association studies have shown that elevated Lp(a) levels increase ASCVD risk<sup>1,2,3</sup>
- Lp(a) is 6x more atherogenic than LDL on a per-particle basis<sup>4</sup>, highlighting Lp(a) as a key target for drug-based intervention

CTX321: New Lp(a) gRNA has potency on par with CTX310

CTX320 demonstrated up to 73% reduction in Lp(a), in dose escalation phase of the clinical trial

CTX310 clinical results provide benchmarks for target potency in humans

The new Lp(a) gRNA is approximately twofold more potent than the current CTX320 guide and is comparable to CTX310 using the same LNP



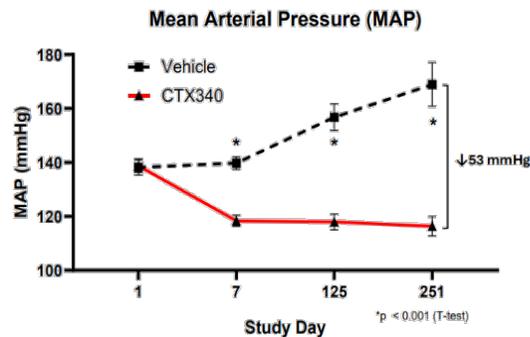
CTX321 is in IND-enabling studies, with an Lp(a) program update expected in 2026

# Additional *In Vivo* Programs Advancing Toward Clinical Trials

## CTX340 Targeting AGT For Refractory Hypertension (rHTN)

- Hypertension is the leading cause of cardiovascular morbidity and mortality worldwide and adherence is a major limitation<sup>1</sup>
- AGT is upstream of typical therapeutic approaches aiming to significantly impact hypertension and reduce dependence on other antihypertensives

### CTX340 Administration Leads to Persistent Pharmacological Benefit in SHR Model

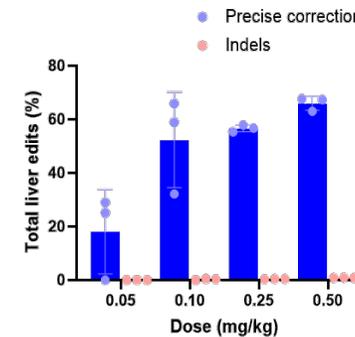


CTX340 durably reduced MAP by Day 7, sustained through the study (~8.5 months)

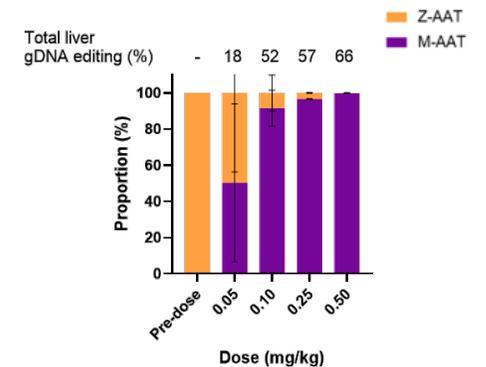
## CTX460 Targeting SERPINA1 for AATD

- Alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency (AATD) is caused by mutations in the SERPINA1 gene which encodes for alpha-1 antitrypsin (AAT)
- The goal of AATD therapy is to normalize levels of AAT
- CTX460, comprising novel SyNTase editing payload, enables highly efficient, durable, and specific SERPINA1-E342K gene correction, without bystander edits

### Precise and efficient correction of SERPINA1-E342K (Day 7 post-injection)



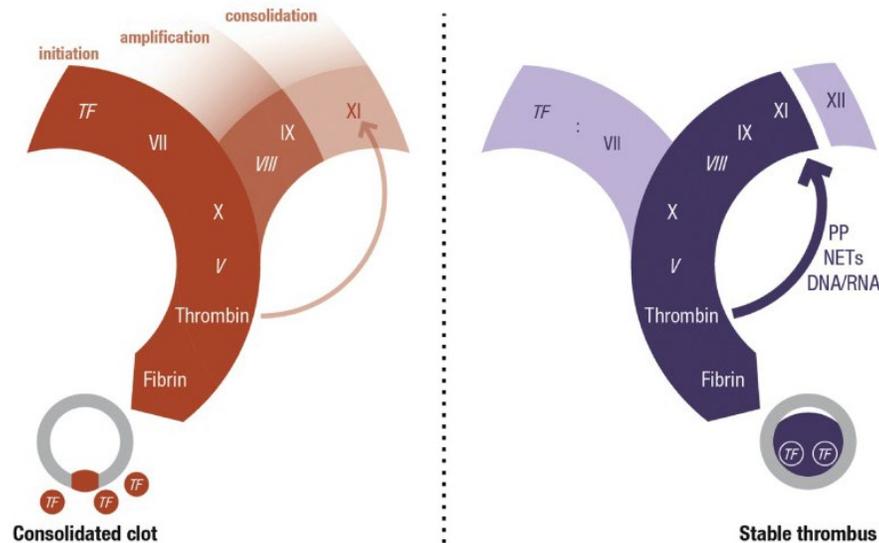
### Durable, high proportion corrected serum M-AAT (Day 7)



CTX340 Phase 1 trial initiation expected in 1H 2026; CTX460 Phase 1 trial initiation expected in mid-2026

# CTX611 is a Factor XI siRNA with Best-in-Class Potential

## FXI: Decoupling Hemostasis & Thrombosis



Hsu, C. et al. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2021;78(6):625-631.

Emerging evidence<sup>1,2,3</sup> suggests Factor XI is important for thrombosis but has a minor role in hemostasis, with potential for FXI targeting anticoagulants to be safer than currently available agents

## Unmet Need

- Current anti-coagulation market is ~\$20B per year
- Patients with bleeding risk or certain conditions, such as renal impairment or cancer associated thrombosis, continue to have significant unmet needs
- Factor XI targeting agents with potential lower bleeding risk<sup>1</sup> could have attractive profile in multiple indications<sup>2,3</sup>: AFib, Stroke, CAT, VTE, DVT

## Best-in-Class Potential

- In clinical data to date, CTX611 has been well tolerated and demonstrated strong, sustained PD effects, including reductions of >93% in FXI activity, along with >2x increase in aPTT relative to baseline, with potential for Q6 months dosing
- CTX611 offers potential for reversibility unique to siRNA platform

AFib: Atrial Fibrillation; aPTT: Activated Partial Thromboplastin Time; CAT: Cancer Associated Thrombosis; DVT: Deep Vein Thrombosis; VTE: Venous Thromboembolism

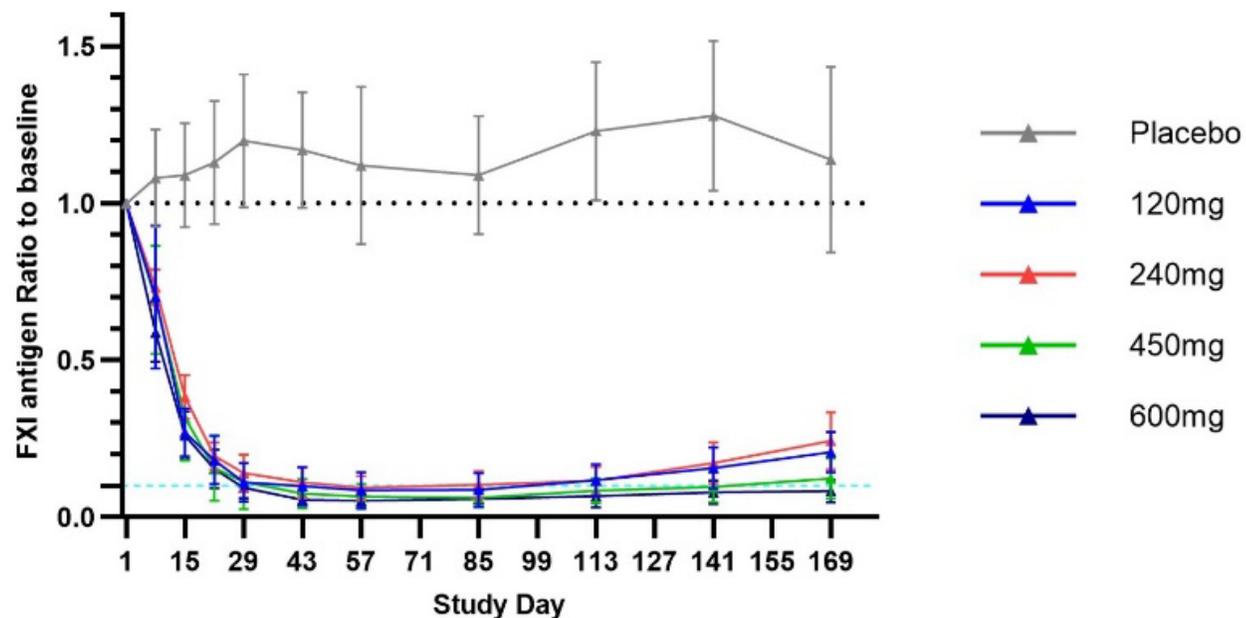
Note: CTX611 is a collaboration and co-development program with Sirius Therapeutics

1. Lowenberg et. al, Journal of Thrombosis and Hemostasis (2010); 2. Salomon et. al, Blood (2003); 3. Salomon et. al, Journal of Thrombosis and Haemostasis (2011)

# CTX611 Demonstrated Deep, Durable Reductions in FXI Activity

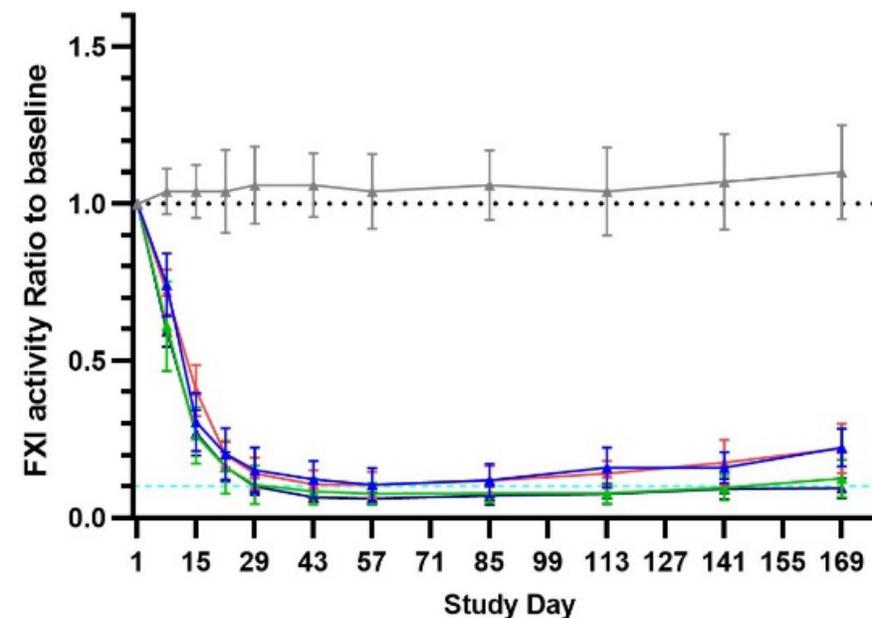
CTX611 Phase I Clinical Results: Dose-dependent pharmacodynamic response to therapy sustained through Month 6

## FXI Antigen



*95.0% peak reduction in FXI antigen*

## FXI Activity



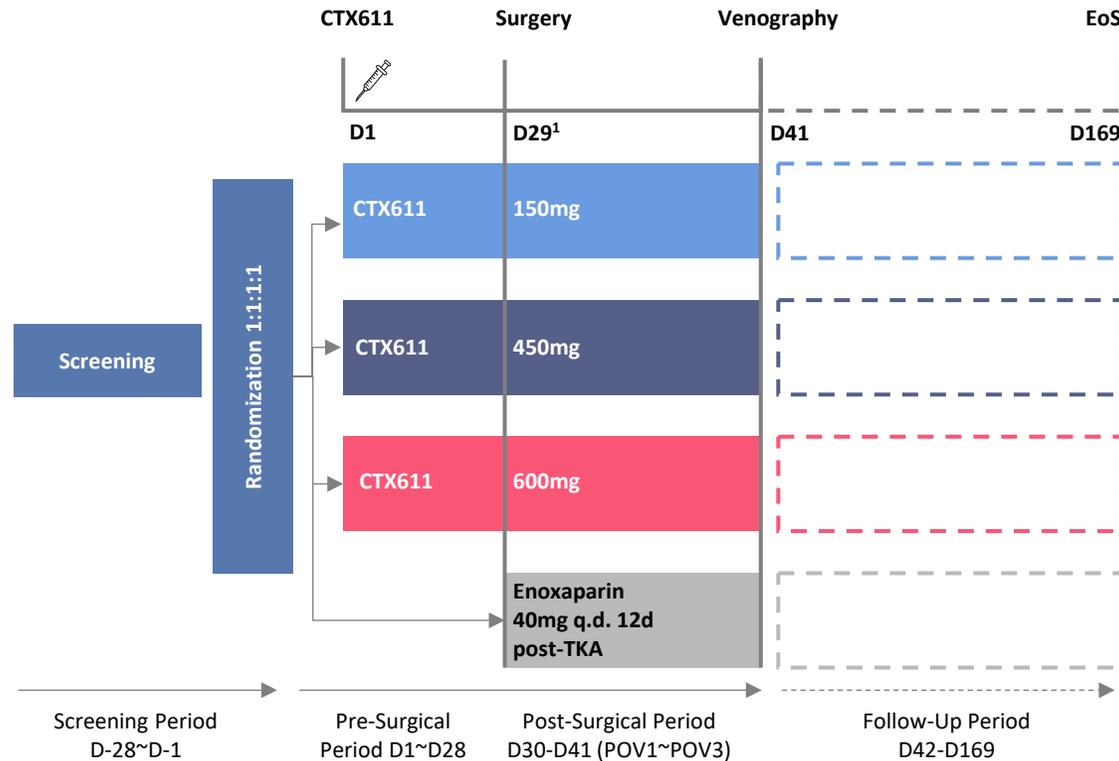
*93.9% peak reduction in FXI activity*

# CTX611 Phase II Clinical Programs: TKA Top-Line Data in 2H 2026



## CTX611 Phase II Clinical Program: TKA Top-line Data in 2H 2026

**Objective:** Establish PoC efficacy in TKA-VTE patient population



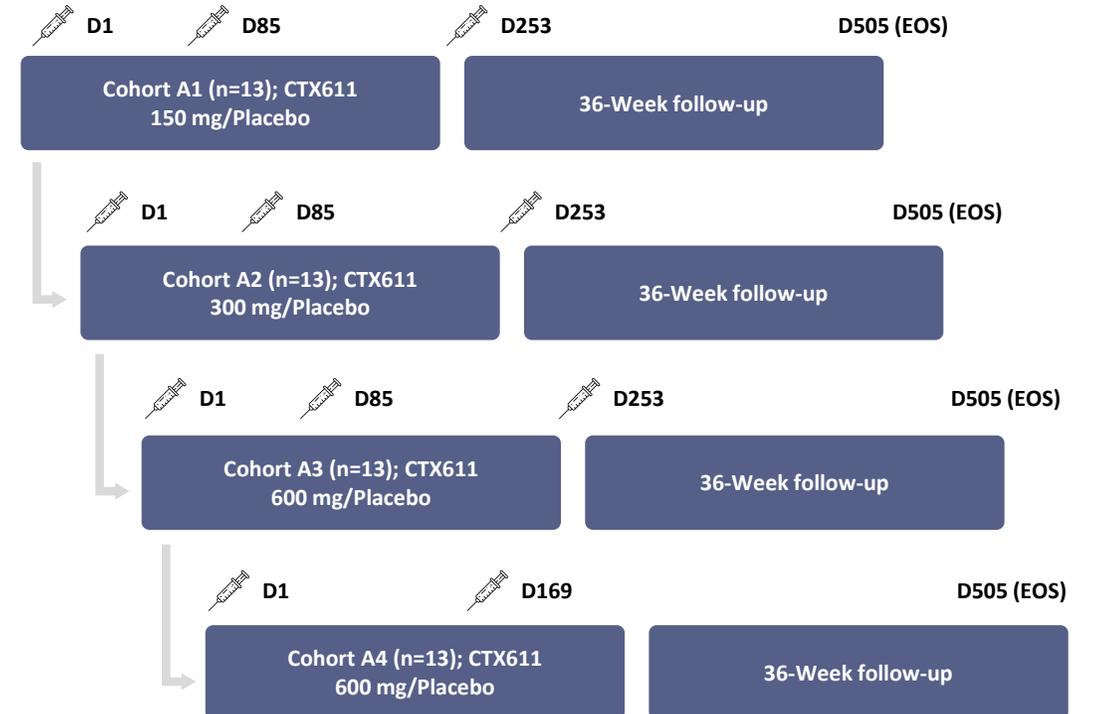
### Key Endpoints

- Safety, including bleeding events
- VTE rates post TKA
- PD profile of CTX611

1 TKA surgery will occur on Day 29 (+14 days). Irrespective of the actual study day, the surgery day (POV0) will be regarded as Day 29  
TKA: Total Knee Arthroplasty; VTE: Venous Thromboembolism; ASA: Acetylsalicylic Acid

## CTX611-202 Phase II CV Study Design

**Objective:** Establish PK-PD in chronic “arterial” population; evaluate PD profile of CTX611 with ASA



### Primary Endpoint

- PD profile of multidose CTX611 with ASA

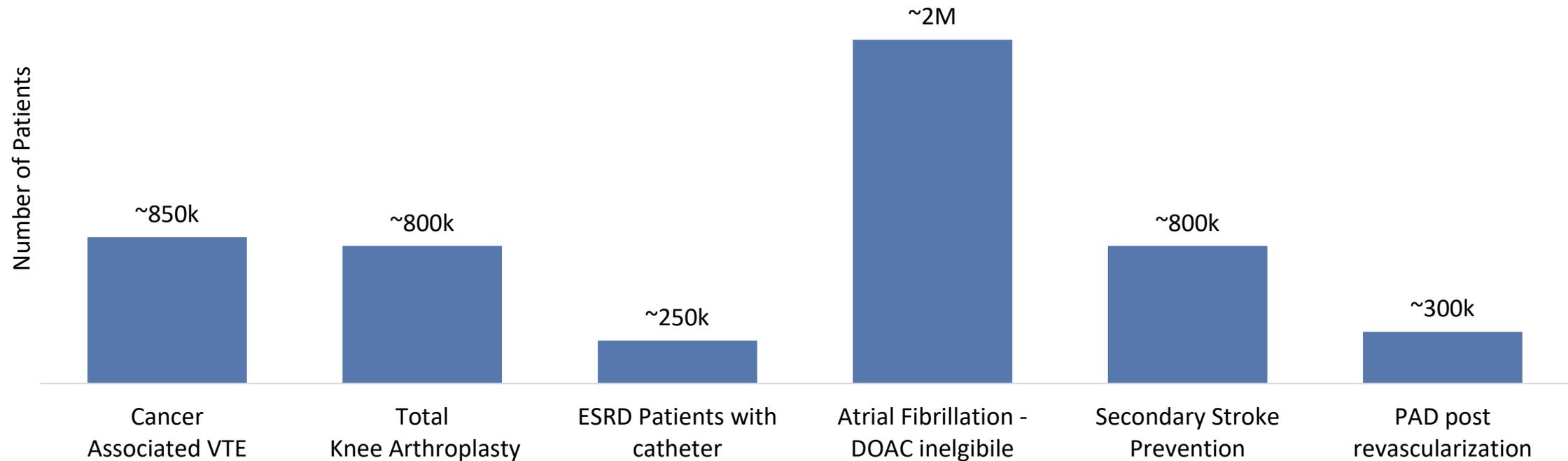
### Secondary Endpoints

- Safety, including bleeding events
- PK profile of CTX611 with ASA

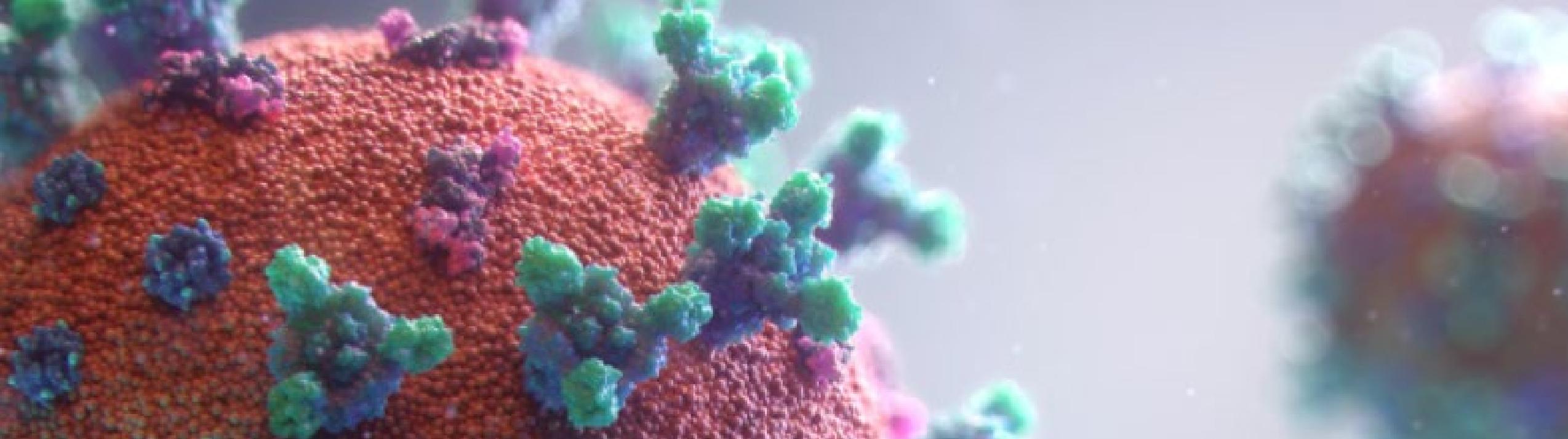
# CTX611 Has Significant Potential Across Multiple Indications



## US Market Opportunity for FXI Anticoagulation Agent



CRISPR leads Phase III global development (excluding Greater China) of CTX611



**CAR-T**

## CAR-T Landscape

### Ex vivo

### In vivo



#### CRISPR Ex Vivo Cell Therapy Focus

- CRISPR built **allogeneic cell therapy platform on healthy donor-derived T cells**, to potentially offer autologous-like efficacy with improved cost and accessibility
- CRISPR's allogeneic CAR-Ts have **potentially best-in-class therapeutic profile** with mAbs-like COGS

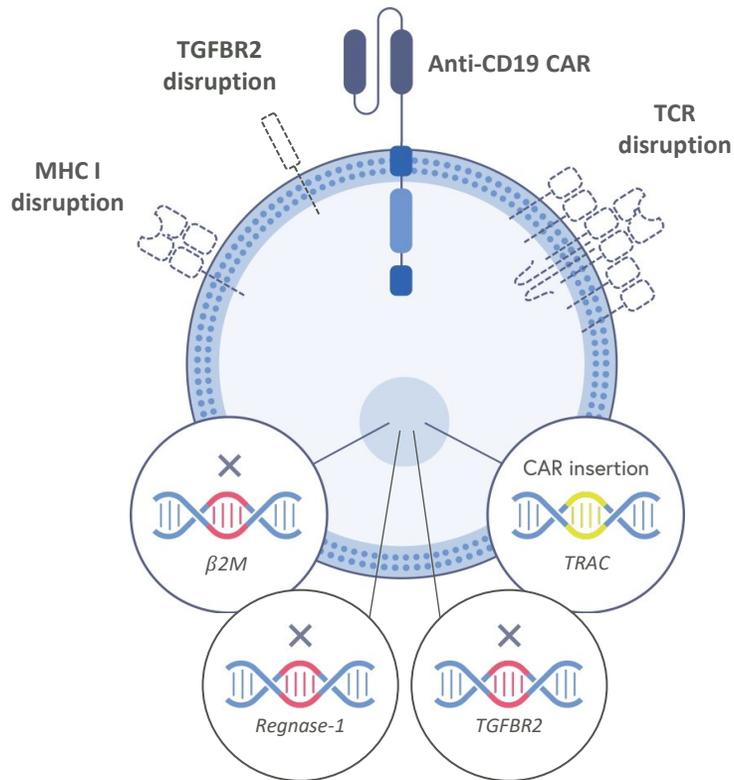
#### CRISPR In Vivo Cell Therapy Focus

- CRISPR developing **non-viral In Vivo CAR-T**, given potential safety concerns associated with viral delivery
- Developing both transient (e.g., mRNA-based) and integrating (e.g., all RNA-based insertion) approaches

CRISPR has potential best-in-class allogeneic CAR-T, plus non-viral *In Vivo* CAR-T in preclinical development

# Zugo-cel is an Allogeneic CAR-T Optimized for Potency

## Zugo-cel Novel Potency Edits (TGFB2, Regnase-1)



Regnase-1 and TGFB2 edits synergistically increase CAR-T potency

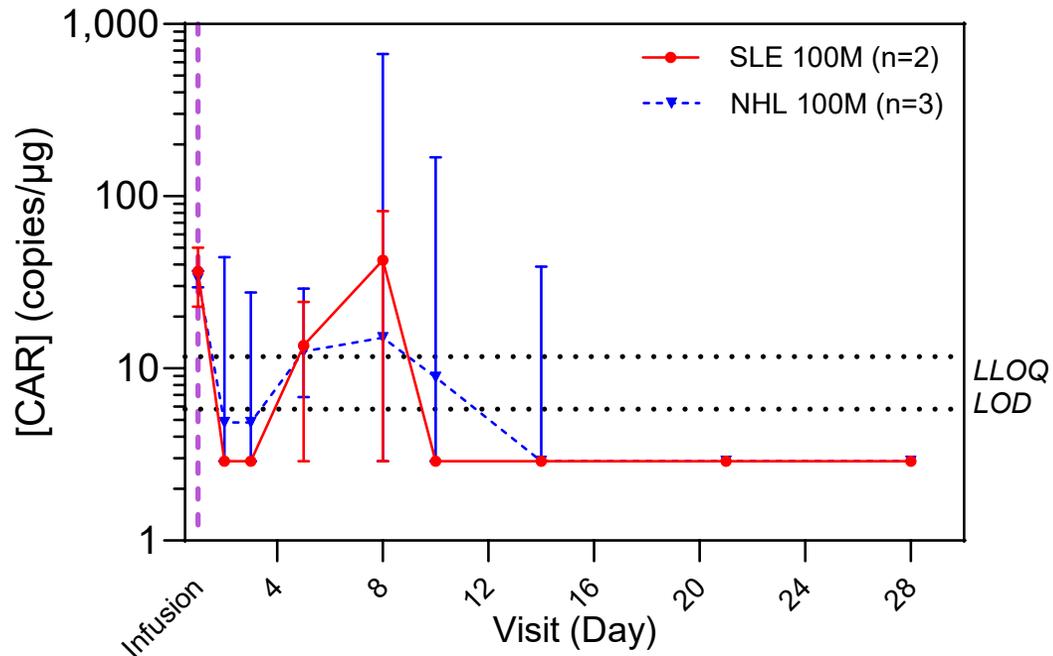
## Several Competitive Advantages

-  Ability to multiplex gene edits precisely and efficiently
-  Comprehensive and FDA-validated genomic analysis
-  Scalability and low COGS to enable global expansion
-  In-house manufacturing enables direct control over process and timelines

COGS projected to be <\$10k per patient

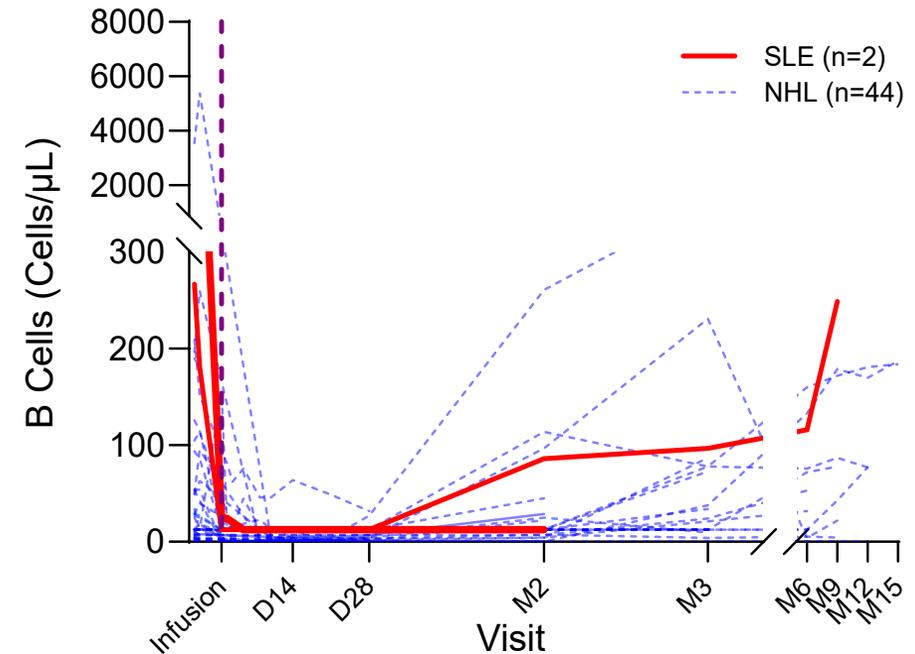
# Zugo-cel Shows Comparable PK and PD in AID and NHL

## Cell Expansion Summary<sup>1</sup>



Zugo-cel expansion profile in SLE subjects comparable to NHL

## B Cell<sup>2</sup> Depletion



~90 day median (range 60 - 360) time to B cell reconstitution

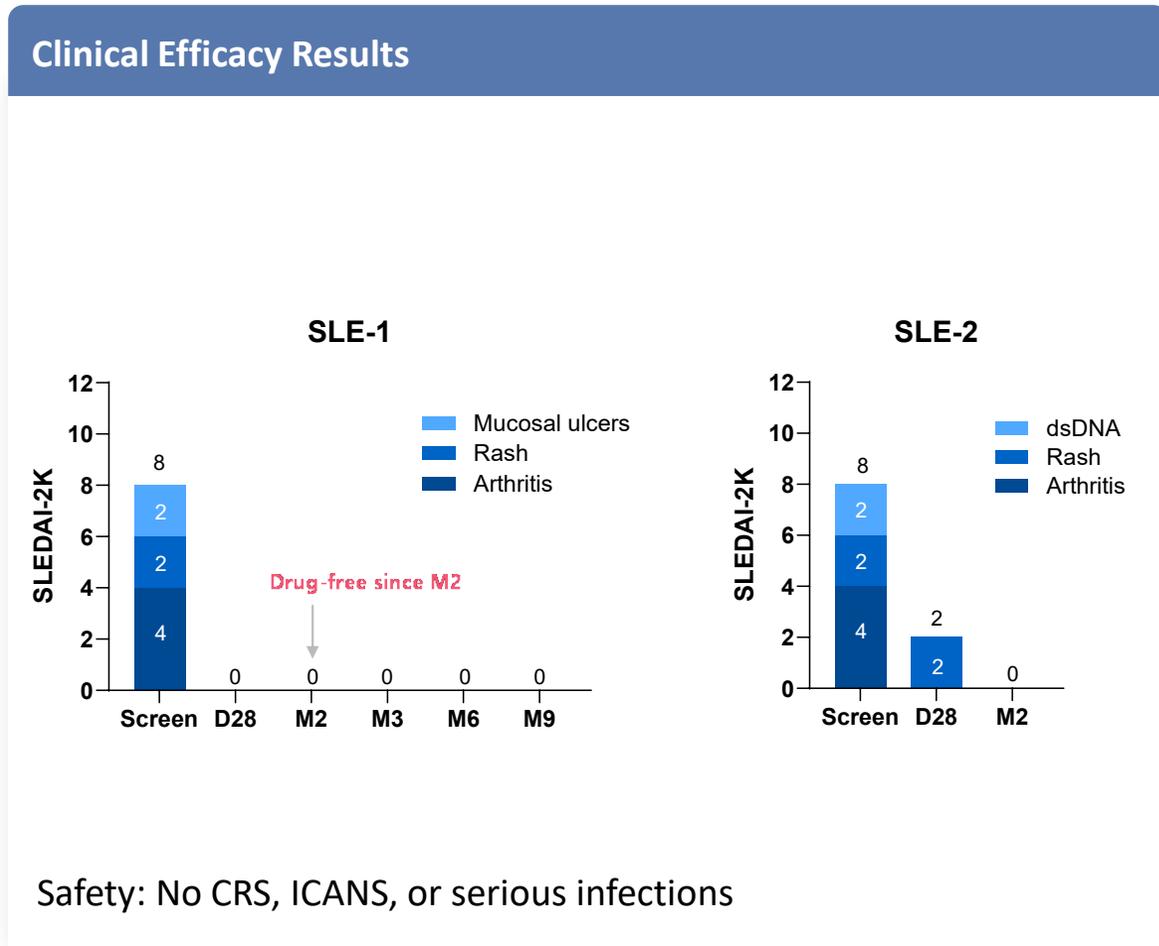
Zugo-cel shows complete B cell depletion in AID patients 28 days post-dosing, in line with NHL profile

1. Data shown as mean + SEM; 2. B cells defined as CD3-CD19+; LLOQ for lymphocytes varies by site, here plotted as 1/2 <LOQ  
 AID: Autoimmune Diseases; NHL: Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma Data Cutoff 07 Jan 2026

# Case Study of SLE Patients Treated with Zugo-cel

2 SLE patients in remission; First SLE patient in drug-free remission maintained at Month 9

Baseline Characteristics	SLE-1	SLE-2
<b>Dose</b>	DL1 (100M cells)	DL1 (100M cells)
<b>Age/Sex</b>	33 yo F	30 yo F
<b>Disease Duration (years)</b>	10	11
<b>Organ Involvement</b>	Skin, mucosal ulcers, joints, pleurisy	Skin, alopecia, joints, pleurisy, Raynaud's
<b>Autoantibodies</b>	ANA	ANA, dsDNA
<b>SLEDAI-2K</b>	8 (rash, oral ulcers, arthritis)	8 (rash, arthritis, dsDNA)
<b># Prior Therapies</b>	8	10
<b>Most Recent Regimen</b>	HCQ, MTX	HCQ, MMF
<b>Corticosteroid Dose</b>	As needed for flares	As needed for flares



Zugo-cel clinical update from rheumatology study and topline update from hematological AID study expected in 2H 2026

# Baseline Characteristics (LBCL N=10, DL4)



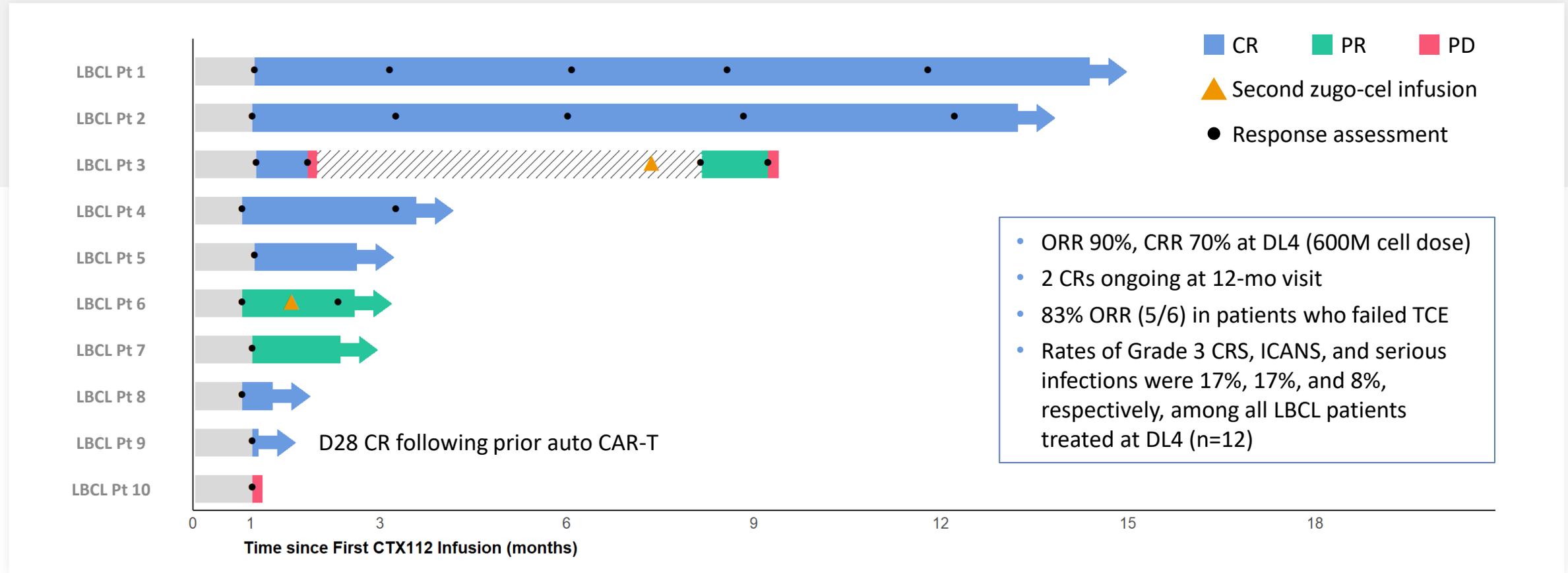
Baseline Characteristics	Total N = 10
Age ≥ 65, n (%)	7 (70)
Sex (Female), n (%)	6 (60)
Prognostic Score at Baseline <sup>3</sup>	
• Intermediate or High Risk, n (%)	7 (70)
<b>LBCL Subtype, n (%)</b>	
• DLBCL NOS	4 (40)
• Transformed Follicular Lymphoma	3 (30)
• Transformed Marginal Zone Lymphoma	2 (20)
• Follicular Lymphoma 3b	1 (10)
<b>Disease Stage (per Lugano 2014<sup>2</sup>)</b>	
• Stage III / IV	6 (60)
<b>Tumor Burden</b>	
• Median SPD (Min-Max)	2011 (561-10492)
• SPD > 2000 mm <sup>2</sup> , n (%)	5 (50)
<b>Prior Therapies</b>	
• Median, n (range)	2 (1-5)
• > 3 prior therapies, n (%)	3 (30)
• Prior ASCT / auto-CAR-T / TCE	5 (50)
Primary Refractory Disease <sup>1</sup> , n (%)	5 (50)
Early Relapse to Frontline Therapy <sup>2</sup> , n (%)	7 (70)

Data cut off 20NOV2025

1. Primary refractory defined as absence of CR after first line of NHL treatment; 2. Early relapse for LBCL defined as progression <12M from end of 1L chemoimmunotherapy; 3. IPI Scoring: Low = 0-1, Intermediate = 2-3, High = 4-5

# Zugo-cel Ph1 Data Suggest Durability in LBCL at RP2D (600M)

(N=10 with D28 response assessment<sup>1</sup>)



Additional Phase 1 clinical data update expected in 2H 2026

RP2D: Recommended Phase 2 Dose; TCE: T-cell engagers

1. 006-233-015 (DL4, LBCL) passed away before D28; subject with PTLD (DL4) excluded from analysis; Data cutoff Nov 20, 2025

# Collaboration to Study Zugo-cel Combined with Pirtobrutinib



Potential for deep, durable responses with an off-the-shelf therapy for aggressive B-cell lymphomas

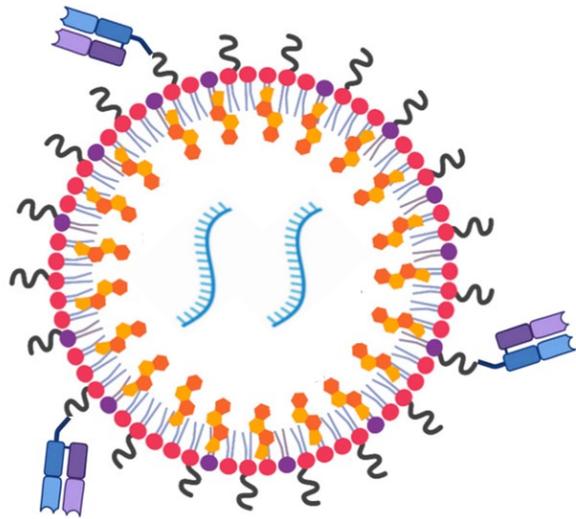
**Zugo-cel**  
(allogeneic CD19 CAR-T)

**Pirtobrutinib**  
(non-covalent BTKi)

- Zugo-cel has demonstrated overall and complete response rates comparable to autologous CAR-T therapies in LBCL patients with poor prognostic features
- Zugo-cel cell clearance and hematopoietic recovery typically occur within 28 days
- **A study of autologous CD19 CAR-T combined with a BTK inhibitor<sup>1</sup> showed a 93% overall response rate and an 81% complete response rate, with 12-month durability of response of 66%**
- Consolidation or maintenance with an oral, non-covalent BTK inhibitor could deepen responses and improve durability while enabling potential outpatient use in community settings

# CRISPR *In Vivo* CAR-T Approach

## Transient, Re-dosable CAR-T



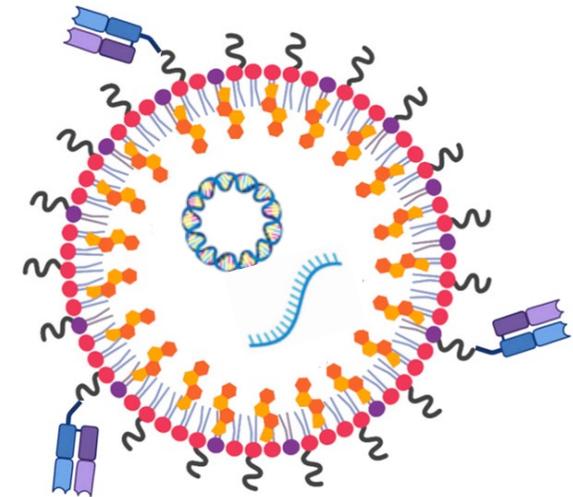
### Engineered RNA with extended half life

- RNA format modifications
- Sequence optimization

## Proprietary Antibody-LNP Platform

- Targeted delivery to immune cells
- Site-specific conjugation with robust manufacturability
- Long-circulating LNPs minimizes off-target delivery (e.g., liver)
- Proprietary binder formats and LNP components

## Non-Viral, Integrating CAR-T



**Non-viral delivery, site-specific integration technology using next-generation editing including HDR- and HITI-based integration, retrotransposons**

# Targeted LNPs Showed Robust Delivery to T-cells with Durable Expression and Minimum Off-Target Expression in the Liver

## Cynomolgus Monkey, Peripheral Blood (0.5mg/kg eGFP mRNA-LNP)

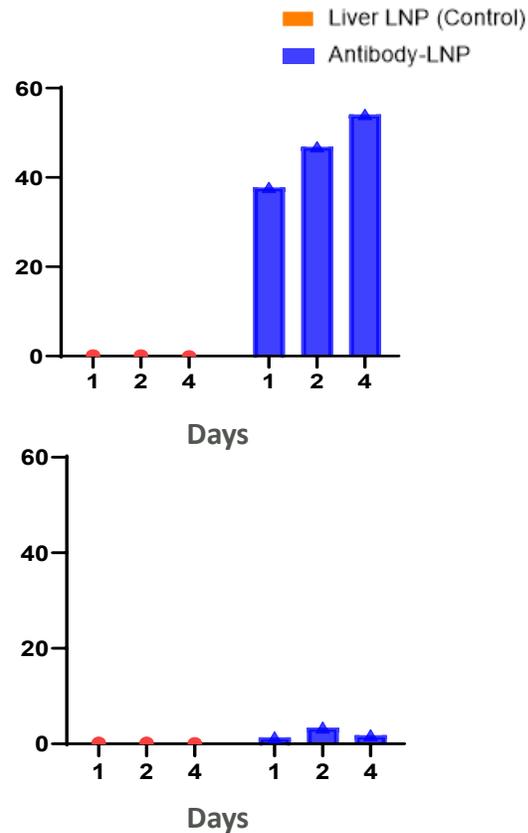
% GFP positive cells



Blood collection:  
Days 1, 2, 4

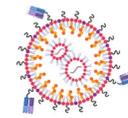
CD8 T cells

CD4 T cells

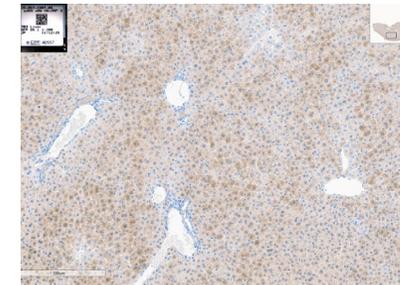


## Humanized Mouse (0.5mg/kg eGFP mRNA-LNP, 24hr)

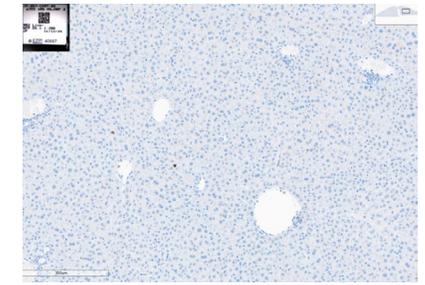
### Liver Immunohistochemistry (IHC)



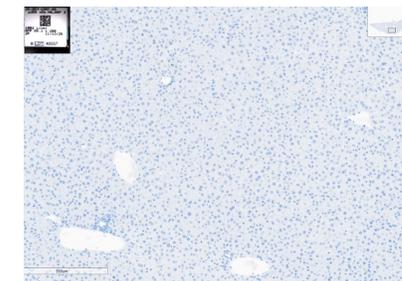
Liver collection:  
24hr (day 1)



Liver LNP (control)



Antibody-LNP



PBS (control)

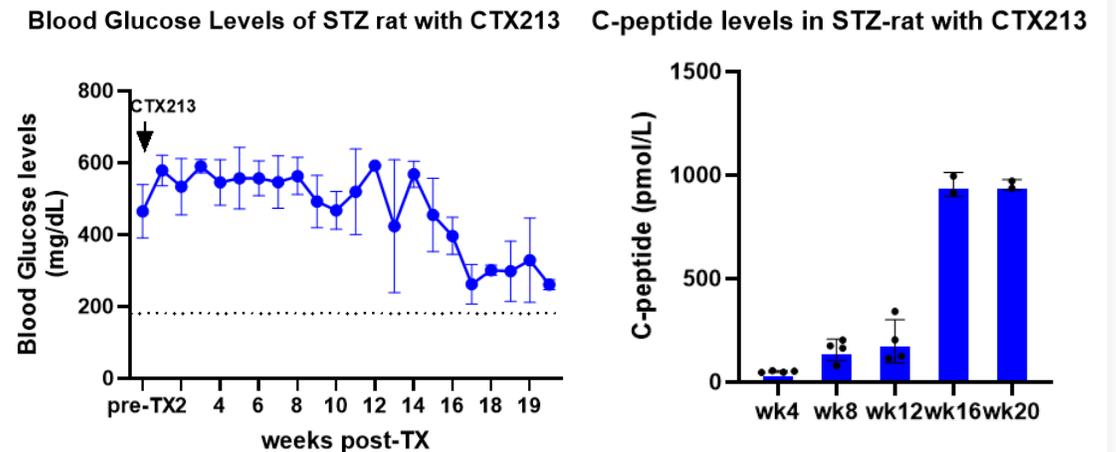
CRISPR's T-cell targeted mRNA-LNPs have extended circulation half-life, enable durable expression, and minimize off-target tissue delivery

# CTX213: Deviceless Hypoimmune Islet Cell Therapy for T1D

**CTX211, a gene-edited, stem cell–derived encapsulated cell product for the treatment of type 1 diabetes**

- Ph1 completed in n=5 patients
- Well tolerated with no SAE or AESIs
- Sustained c-peptide production observed 12 months post implantation
- Histology confirmed survival of transplanted insulin-producing islet cells, despite the fibrosis of encapsulation device and infiltration of immune cells

**CTX213, an unencapsulated iPSC-derived islet cell product utilizing the same edits as CTX211**



**Direct administration of CTX213 leads to improved glycemic control and C-peptide production in STZ rat model**

**Clinical data validate the hypoimmune edits; CTX213 shows compelling preclinical efficacy, advancing toward the clinic**

# Anticipated Key Milestones in 2026



		Program	Timing	Details
 <p><b>Heme</b></p>			Quarterly	Commercial launch updates
	<b>In Vivo HSC</b>		2H 2026	Preclinical data update
 <p><b>In Vivo</b></p>	<b>CTX310</b>		2H 2026	Phase Ib CV trial clinical data
	<b>CTX611</b>		2H 2026	Phase II TKA study top-line data
	<b>CTX340</b>		1H 2026	Phase I rHTN trial initiation
	<b>CTX460</b>		Mid 2026	Phase I AATD trial initiation
	<b>Lp(a) program</b>		2026	Program update
 <p><b>CAR-T</b></p>	<b>Zugo-cel AID</b>		2H 2026	Phase I Rheumatology trial clinical data
	<b>Zugo-cel AID</b>		2H 2026	Phase I ITP/wAIHA trial top-line data
	<b>Zugo-cel ONC</b>		2H 2026	Phase I Heme malignancies clinical data
	<b>In Vivo CAR-T</b>		1H 2026	Preclinical data update



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